TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and

financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "Company and its subsidiaries") as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to *Other matters* section of our report), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and their consolidated financial performance and their consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Company - Type Stock Exchanges and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Financial assets — Measurement of the fair value of unlisted stocks without an active market <u>Description</u>

Please refer to Notes 4(8) and 6(3) for the accounting policy on and the details of unlisted stocks without an active market that are recognized as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, and to Notes 5 and 12(3) for the accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to unlisted stocks without an active market.

The Company and one of its subsidiaries invested in the stocks of the Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation and the Taipei Financial Center Corporation, which are classified as financial instruments without an active market. Valuation techniques were applied to determine the fair value of the aforementioned stocks, using significant unobservable inputs, including a compound dividend growth rate and discount rate, which involved high uncertainty and subjective judgements by management, and could have a material impact on the fair value measurement. Therefore, we considered the fair value measurement of the stocks of the Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation and the Taipei Financial Center Corporation to be a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following key audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. We compared the compound dividend growth rate with historical data and economic forecasts.
- 2. For the discount rate, we examined the cost of capital assumptions of the related cash-generating units, and compared the return on assets ratio with similar companies in the market.
- 3. We examined the inputs and calculation formula of the valuation models, and reviewed the information and documents for the selected sample to evaluate the relevance and reliability of the data source.

Accuracy of operating revenue

Description

Please refer to Note 4(24) for the accounting policy on revenue recognition, and to Note 6(23) for the details of "Trading fees." The Company and its subsidiaries have various types of operating revenue, consisting of various fees, related to trading services, securities settlement and account maintenance services, listing services and securities recording services. Each type of revenue is recognized based on the pricing method in accordance with the related regulations or the terms of the contracts. As the amount of operating revenue is significant, we considered the accuracy of operating revenue to be a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following key audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. We interviewed management, understood the operations and industry of the Company and its subsidiaries, evaluated the internal control workflow of operating revenues, understood the information environment used by management to calculate the related revenue, and tested the effectiveness of a sample of significant internal controls.
- 2. We selected samples to verify the pricing method used by management to calculate revenue and ascertained whether it was in compliance with the related regulations or underlying contracts.
- 3. We selected samples to examine the accuracy of the amount of each type of operating revenue.

Existence and classification of cash in banks

Description

Please refer to Note 4(6) for the accounting policy on cash equivalents, and to Notes 6(1)(8)(7) for the details of "cash and cash equivalents," "other current financial assets," "settlement and clearing fund" and "compensation reserve." As of December 31, 2021, the cash in banks of the Company and one of its subsidiaries was recognized as cash and cash equivalents amounting to NT\$16,464,301,000, other current financial assets amounting to NT\$29,117,656,000, a settlement and clearing fund amounting to NT\$3,370,509,000, and a compensation reserve amounting to NT\$12,176,493,000.

The cash in banks of the Company and one of its subsidiaries is recognized as cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets (time deposits with an original maturity date of more than three months), a settlement and clearing fund in which each securities company appropriates and deposits a certain

amount to the Company in accordance with the related regulations and a compensation reserve (appropriated and deposited in accordance with the "Securities and Exchange Act" and its related regulations).

As the balances of cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets, settlement and clearing fund and compensation reserve are significant, we considered the existence and classification of cash and cash equivalents to be a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following key audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. We interviewed management, understood the internal control workflow of cash in banks, and tested the effectiveness of a sample of significant internal controls.
- 2. We sent out confirmations to financial institutions to confirm the existence and accuracy of financial assets and to verify the rights and obligations of the Company and one of its subsidiaries to the financial assets.
- 3. We checked whether cash in banks was held for specific purposes or with certain limitations had been reclassified to appropriate account items.
- 4. We performed counts of time deposits and verified the details against accounting records.
- 5. We selected samples to perform tests of material cash collection and disbursement transactions to confirm whether they were for operational purposes and to determine whether there were any significant unusual transactions.

Other matters - Scope of the audit

We did not audit the financial statements of certain subsidiaries and investees accounted for using the equity method that were included in the consolidated financial statements. The total assets of the subsidiaries (including investments accounted for using the equity method) amounted to NT\$38,100,301,000, and NT\$33,777,047,000, constituting 26% and 24% of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and operating revenue of the subsidiaries amounted to NT\$8,850,041,000 and NT\$6,567,532,000, constituting 38% and 44% of consolidated total operating revenue for the years then ended, respectively. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein is based solely on the audit reports of the other auditors.

Other matters - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited the parent company only financial statements of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with other matters paragraph.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Company - Type Stock Exchanges and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including supervisors, are responsible for overseeing the Company and its subsidiaries' financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or

error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company and its subsidiaries' internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the consolidated financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company and its subsidiaries to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 22, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China.

Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		 December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020 AMOUNT %			
Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>				
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 35,354,479	24	\$	36,915,836	26	
Current financial assets at fair value through	6(2)						
profit or loss		12,332,325	8		9,316,927	6	
Current financial assets at amortized cost	6(4)	6,578,267	5		2,459,294	2	
Accounts receivable, net	6(5) and 7	1,694,460	1		1,498,766	1	
Other receivables		116,099	-		122,503	-	
Other current financial assets	6(1)	29,117,656	20		23,511,547	16	
Settlement and clearing debit items	6(8)	24,903,148	17		29,407,736	21	
Other current assets	6(6)	 936,778	1		1,517,060	1	
Total Current Assets		 111,033,212	76		104,749,669	73	
Non-current Assets							
Non-current financial assets at fair value	6(3)						
through other comprehensive income		5,789,306	4		5,920,422	4	
Non-current financial assets at amortized cost	6(4)	9,594,352	7		12,692,716	9	
Compensation reserve	6(7)	13,126,493	9		12,339,821	9	
Investments accounted for using the equity	6(9)						
method		62,726	-		57,547	-	
Property and equipment	6(10)	3,258,953	2		3,391,541	2	
Right-of-use assets	6(11)	1,685,375	1		1,940,549	1	
Investment properties, net	6(12)	426,252	-		432,559	-	
Intangible assets	6(13)	645,561	-		734,091	1	
Deferred income tax assets	6(28)	60,470	-		51,527	-	
Other non-current assets	6(14)	 934,418	1		910,030	1	
Total Non-current Assets		 35,583,906	24		38,470,803	27	
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 146,617,118	100	\$	143,220,472	100	

(Continued)

$\frac{\text{TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}}$

DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		December 31, 202				December 31, 2020		
Liabilities and Equity Notes AMOUNT						AMOUNT		
Current Liabilities								
Securities lending and borrowing collateral	6(15)							
payable		\$	20,668,237	14	\$	26,010,720	18	
Accrued expenses			1,746,240	1		1,642,448	1	
Current income tax liabilities			2,357,644	2		1,274,117	1	
Current lease liabilities	6(11)		306,482	-		308,329	-	
Settlement and clearing credit items	6(8)		24,903,148	17		29,407,736	21	
Other current liabilities	6(16)		9,056,701	6		6,737,441	5	
Total Current Liabilities			59,038,452	40		65,380,791	46	
Non-current Liabilities								
Deferred income tax liabilities	6(28)		80,272	-		80,272	-	
Non-current lease liabilities	6(11)		1,528,639	1		1,773,600	1	
Net defined benefit liability	6(17)		724,946	1		772,242	1	
Guarantee deposits received			156,127	-		117,600	-	
Other non-current liabilities			179,113			155,292		
Total Non-current Liabilities			2,669,097	2		2,899,006	2	
Total Liabilities			61,707,549	42		68,279,797	48	
Equity Attributable to Owners of the Parent								
Share Capital								
Share capital-common stock	6(18)		8,404,699	6		7,504,196	5	
Capital Surplus								
Capital surplus	6(19)		2,649	-		2,339	-	
Retained Earnings								
Legal reserve	6(20)		6,744,711	5		6,169,773	4	
Special reserve	6(20)		38,634,588	26	36,967,269		26	
Unappropriated retained earnings	6(21)		10,435,649	7		5,750,688	4	
Other Equity Interest								
Other equity interest	6(22)		3,504,099	2		3,638,354	3	
Equity Attributable to Owners of the Pare	ent		67,726,395	46		60,032,619	42	
Non-controlling Interests			17,183,174	12		14,908,056	10	
Total Equity			84,909,569	58		74,940,675	52	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		\$	146,617,118	100	\$	143,220,472	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

			Year	Year ended December 31						
			2021		2020					
Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%				
Operating Revenue	6(23) and 7									
Trading fees		\$	9,895,648	43 \$	5,077,512	34				
Securities recording service fees			3,236,424	14	1,703,618	11				
Listing fees			2,054,864	9	1,582,345	10				
Securities settlement and account										
maintenance service fees			1,681,182	7	1,557,354	10				
Transfer process service fees			650,491	3	532,731	4				
Data processing fees			505,925	2	438,937	3				
Mutual fund service fees			488,545	2	549,381	4				
Information processing fees			477,488	2	295,850	2				
Securities settlement service fees			461,814	2	289,793	2				
Futures clearing service fees			457,786	2	415,729	3				
Internet certification service fees			429,618	2	357,794	2				
Royalty fees			425,940	2	407,411	3				
Account maintenance service fees			376,076	2	379,705	3				
Securities lending and borrowing service										
fees			329,682	1	225,276	1				
Co-Location service fees			285,832	1	224,222	1				
Others			1,355,235	6	1,008,144	7				
Total Operating Revenue			23,112,550	100	15,045,802	100				
Operating Expenses	6(24)									
Personnel		(3,076,788)(14) (3,056,624)(20)				
General and administrative		(3,955,807)(17)(3,378,208)(23)				
Total Operating Expenses		(7,032,595)(31)(6,434,832)(43)				
Operating Profit			16,079,955	69	8,610,970	57				
Non-operating Income and Expenses			_							
Interest income			420,659	2	480,876	3				
Other income	6(25)		325,339	1	342,858	2				
Share of profit of associates accounted	6(9)									
for using the equity method			21,502	-	18,481	_				
Other gains and losses	6(26)	(11,050)	-	92,272	1				
Finance costs	6(27)	(37,888)	- (34,039)	-				
Total Non-operating Income and										
Expenses			718,562	3	900,448	6				
Profit before income tax			16,798,517	72	9,511,418	63				
Income tax expense	6(28)	(3,293,810)(14) (1,781,024)(12)				
Profit for the year		\$	13,504,707	58 \$	7,730,394	51				

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TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

			Yea	Year ended December 31					
		_	2021			2020			
Items Notes			AMOUNT	<u>%</u>		AMOUNT	%		
Other comprehensive income, net									
Components of other comprehensive									
income (loss) that will not be reclassified									
to profit or loss									
Unrealized gains from investments in	6(3)								
equity instruments measured at fair value									
through other comprehensive income		(\$	131,116)	-	\$	163,541	1		
Share of other comprehensive loss of	6(9)								
associates accounted for using the equity									
method		(624)	-	(1,038)	-		
Losses on remeasurements of defined	6(17)								
benefit plans		·	40,598		(60,799)			
Other comprehensive income, net		(\$	91,142)		\$	101,704	1		
Total comprehensive income for the year		\$	13,413,565	58	\$	7,832,098	52		
Profit attributable to:									
Owners of the parent		\$	10,386,136	45	\$	5,796,472	38		
Non-controlling interest			3,118,571	13		1,933,922	13		
		\$	13,504,707	58	\$	7,730,394	51		
Comprehensive income attributable to:									
Owners of the parent		\$	10,244,893	44	\$	5,900,200	39		
Non-controlling interest			3,168,672	14		1,931,898	13		
		\$	13,413,565	58	\$	7,832,098	52		
		=							
Earnings per share (in New Taiwan dollars)									
Basic earnings per share	6(29)	\$		12.36	\$		6.90		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				ributable to owners of Retained Earnings	l	0.1			
Notes	Share capital- common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Other equity interest	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Year ended December 31, 2020									
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 7,285,627	\$ 2,179	\$ 5,834,044	\$ 35,913,080	\$ 3,358,349	\$ 3,487,531	\$ 55,880,810	\$ 13,656,200	\$ 69,537,010
Profit for the year	φ 1,203,021	φ 2,179	\$ 5,054,044	\$ 55,915,000	5,796,472	φ 3,407,331 -	5,796,472	1,933,922	7,730,394
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year 6(21)(22)	-	-	-	-	(47,095)	150,823	103,728	(2,024)	101,704
				-	· ·			·	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-			-	5,749,377	150,823	5,900,200	1,931,898	7,832,098
Appropriations of 2019 retained earnings:									
Legal reserve 6(21)	-	-	335,729	-	(335,729)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve 6(21)	-	-	-	1,054,189	(1,054,189)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends 6(21)	-	-	-	-	(1,748,551)	-	(1,748,551)	-	(1,748,551)
Stock dividends 6(21)	218,569	-	-	-	(218,569)	-	-	-	-
Capital surplus, other adjustments	-	160	-	-	-	-	160	-	160
Changes in non-controlling interests					-			(680,042)	(680,042)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 7,504,196	\$ 2,339	\$ 6,169,773	\$ 36,967,269	\$ 5,750,688	\$ 3,638,354	\$ 60,032,619	\$ 14,908,056	\$ 74,940,675
Year ended December 31, 2021									
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 7,504,196	\$ 2,339	\$ 6,169,773	\$ 36,967,269	\$ 5,750,688	\$ 3,638,354	\$ 60,032,619	\$ 14,908,056	\$ 74,940,675
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	10,386,136	-	10,386,136	3,118,571	13,504,707
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year 6(21)(22)	-		<u> </u>		(6,988_)	(134,255_)	(141,243_)	50,101	(91,142_)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	10,379,148	(134,255)	10,244,893	3,168,672	13,413,565
Appropriations of 2020 retained earnings:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Legal reserve 6(21)	-	-	574,938	-	(574,938)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve 6(21)	-	-	-	1,667,319	(1,667,319)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends 6(21)	-	-	-	-	(2,551,427)	-	(2,551,427)	-	(2,551,427)
Stock dividends 6(21)	900,503	-	-	-	(900,503)	-	-	-	-
Capital surplus, other adjustments	-	310	-	-	-	-	310	-	310
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(893,554)	(893,554)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 8,404,699	\$ 2,649	\$ 6,744,711	\$ 38,634,588	\$ 10,435,649	\$ 3,504,099	\$ 67,726,395	\$ 17,183,174	\$ 84,909,569

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Year ended December 31				· 31
	Notes		2021		2020
CASH ELOWS EDOM ODED ATING ACTIVITIES					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax		\$	16,798,517	\$	9,511,418
Adjustments		Ф	10,790,317	φ	9,311,410
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(26)	(97,692)	(247,024)
Interest income	0(20)	(420,659)	(480,876)
Dividend income	6(25)	(216,586)	(238,892)
Finance costs	6(27)	(37,888	(34,039
Depreciation	6(24)		795,709		823,033
Amortization	6(24)		271,064		280,995
Share of profit of subsidiaries and associates accounted for	*(- ')		271,001		200,,,,
using the equity method		(21,502)	(18,481)
Expected credit impairment loss			1,753	`	380
Losses on disposal of property and equipment			11		161
Exchange loss on financial assets and liabilities			22,590		38,060
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			22,370		50,000
Changes in operating assets					
Accounts receivable, net		(196,226)	(623,354)
Other receivables		ì	23)	ì	7,638)
Other current assets		(580,282	`	9,849,944
Compensation reserve		(964,367)	(404,809)
Other non-current assets		ì	2,096)	(98,058)
Changes in operating liabilities		`	_, ., .,		, , , , , ,
Securities lending and borrowing collateral payable		(5,339,761)		25,485,217
Accrued expenses		`	104,913	(117,013)
Other current liabilities			2,319,260	Ì	8,273,625)
Net defined benefit liability		(6,768)		45,659
Other non-current liabilities		(23,821		115,301
Cash inflow generated from operations		-	13,690,128		35,674,437
Interest received			509,001		547,501
Interest paid		(37,599)	(33,654)
Income tax paid		(2,219,156)	(998,622)
Net cash flows from operating activities		\	11,942,374	\	35,189,662
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			11,712,371		33,107,002
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(4,375,763)	(4,804,799)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through		(1,373,703)	(1,001,777)
profit or loss			1,458,057		1,323,969
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost		(4,003,745)	(5,663,772)
Repayments of financial assets at amortized cost		(2,550,000	(3,072,200
Decrease (increase) in other current financial assets		(5,100,313)		976,453
Acquisition of property, equipment and intangible assets	6(30)	(554,546)	(480,034)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	0(30)	(633	(332
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits		(17,132)		4,055
Increase in operations guarantee deposits		(17,132)	(135,200)
Dividend received			232,285	`	253,110
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(9,810,524)	(5,453,686)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(7,010,324		3,433,000
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received			38,527	(38,706)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities		(283,340)	(263,231)
Changes in non-controlling interests		(893,554)	(680,042)
Cash dividends paid		(2,551,427)	(1,748,551)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		` 	3,689,794)	·——	2,730,530
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		` 	3,413)	·——	1,357
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		`		(
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(1,561,357)		27,004,089
		Φ.	36,915,836	Φ.	9,911,747
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	35,354,479	\$	36,915,836

TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (the Company) was established in December 1961. The main activities of the Company and its subsidiaries are providing location and facilities for trading and settlement of securities, and other services as approved by the Competent Authority.

On November 2, 2021, the Competent Authority authorized the Company to continue existing in its current corporate form for the next ten years until a change into a membership-type organization is approved.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

E.C. -4:--- 1-4-1---

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from	January 1, 2021
applying IFRS 9'	
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, 'Interest	January 1, 2021
Rate Benchmark Reform— Phase 2'	
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions beyond 30	April 1, 2021(Note)
June 2021'	

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact on the Company and its subsidiaries' financial position and financial performance based on the Company and its subsidiaries' assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment:	January 1, 2022
proceeds before intended use'	
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact on the Company and its subsidiaries' financial position and financial performance based on the Company and its subsidiaries' assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	

The Company and its subsidiaries continuously evaluate the impact of the above standards and interpretations on the Company's financial position and financial performance, and the relevant impact will be disclosed when the evaluation is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Company - Type Stock Exchanges, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed by the FSC (collectively hereinafter referred to as the "IFRSs"). However, the Company and its subsidiaries shall comply with specific regulations issued by the FSC if they differ from the aforementioned standards.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
 - (c) Defined benefit liability recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company and its subsidiaries' accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by the Company. The Company and its subsidiaries control an entity when the Company and its subsidiaries are exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Company obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the details of consolidated subsidiaries are as follows:
 - (a) Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation (the "TDCC")
 - i. The TDCC was established in October 1989. It provides the following services: (a) custody

of securities certificates; (b) maintenance of records of securities settled or pledged; (c) electronic processing of records for securities; (d) service in connection with book-entry distribution of securities; (e) book-entry registration of non-certificated securities; (f) depository and clearing of short-term bills; and (g) other services approved by the Competent Authority.

- ii. The Company's ownership percentage as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 was 50.59%.
- (b) Taiwan-Ca Inc. (the "TWCA")
 - i. The TWCA was incorporated on December 17, 1999 and is mainly engaged in internet certification, retail and wholesale of information software and related services.
 - ii. The TWCA was 30.23% owned by the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020. Although the Company does not directly or indirectly hold more than 50% of the TWCA's voting shares, the Company and the TDCC together hold more than half of all the Board of Directors' seats. Therefore, the Company exercises de facto control over the TWCA.
- (c) Taiwan Index Plus Corporation (the "TIP")
 - i. The TIP was established on January 20, 2016, with main operations in compilation, maintenance, calculation, dissemination and authorization of domestic and foreign index.
 - ii. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the TIP was 100% owned by the Company.
- (d) Fundrich Securities Co., Ltd.
 - i. Fundrich Securities Co., Ltd. was established on December 15, 2015, and obtained license of securities brokerage business authorized by the Securities and Futures Bureau, Financial Supervisory Commission on January 27, 2016. Fundrich Securities Co., Ltd. is primarily engaged in sales of funds.
 - ii. Through its subsidiary, the TDCC, the Company's shareholding ratio in Fundrich Securities Co., Ltd. as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 was 56.64%.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Nature and extent of the restrictions on fund remittance from subsidiaries to the parent company: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are significant to the Company and its subsidiaries:
 - As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$ 17,183,174 and \$14,908,056, respectively. The information on non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

				Non-controlling interest						
Name of	Principal place of business	of ss Amount		Ownership		December Amount		Ownership (%)		
The TDCC and its subsidiaries	Taiwan			72			1,432,434	49.41%		
Balance sheets										
					The TD	OCC and	d its subsid	iaries		
					ecember 31,			per 31, 2020		
Current assets				\$		27,936	\$	18,098,956		
Non-current assets				т.	,	13,679	,	14,947,777		
Current liabilities				(ŕ	39,240)	(2,750,168)		
Non-current liabilities				(6'	76,522)	(795,661)		
Total net assets				\$	34,02	25,853	\$	29,500,904		
Statements of compreh	ensive inc	ome								
<u>Statements of completi</u>	CHSIVE IIIC	<u>ome</u>								
							d its subsid			
						ended	December			
					2021			2020		
Revenue				\$		22,508	\$	7,140,893		
Profit before income ta	lΧ				· ·	63,700		4,748,375		
Income tax expense				(89,545)	(919,825)		
Profit for the year						74,155		3,828,550		
Other comprehensive in	ncome, net	of ta	ax	_		01,752	(3,445)		
Total comprehensive in	ncome for t	the y	ear	\$	6,2	75,907	\$	3,825,105		
Comprehensive income		le to		ф		50 177	ф	10.006		
non-controlling intere				\$		59,177	\$	19,886		
Dividends paid to non-	controlling	inte	rest	\$	80	65,127	\$	656,460		
Statements of cash flow	<u>VS</u>									
					The TD	OCC and	d its subsid	iaries		
							December			
					2021			2020		
Net cash flow from ope	erating acti	vitie	S	\$		48,709	\$	3,621,919		
Net cash flow used in i	Ū			(*	86,037)	•	1,342,621)		
Net cash flow used in f	_			(30,040)		1,440,748)		
	_									

4,185,280

4,717,912

3,346,730

4,185,280

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

the year

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Company and its subsidiaries' entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "other gains and losses."

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date; and
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date; and
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using settlement date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company and its subsidiaries measure the financial assets at fair value

and recognize the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Company and its subsidiaries subsequently measure the financial assets at fair value, and recognize the gain or loss in profit or loss

D. The Company and its subsidiaries recognize the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and its subsidiaries and the amount of the dividend can be reliably measured.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Company and its subsidiaries have made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognize changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Company and its subsidiaries' business models are achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using settlement date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company and its subsidiaries measure the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Company and its subsidiaries subsequently measure the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and its subsidiaries and the amount of the dividend can be reliably measured.
 - (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gains or losses on foreign exchange which are recognized in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

(9) Financial assets at amortized cost

- A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Company and its subsidiaries' business models are achieved by collecting contractual cash flows; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortized cost are recognized and derecognized using settlement date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company and its subsidiaries measure the financial assets at fair value

plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.

(10) Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable entitle the Company and its subsidiaries to a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for services rendered. The short-term accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at the initial invoice amounts as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortized cost including accounts receivable or contract assets that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Company and its subsidiaries recognize the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognize the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Company and its subsidiaries recognize the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company and its subsidiaries derecognize a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessor)-operating leases</u>

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Investments accounted for using the equity method/associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Company and its subsidiaries have significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Company and its subsidiaries' share of their associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income.

(15) Property and equipment

- A. Property and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Land is not depreciated and computer equipment is depreciated using the fixed percentage on declining balance method. Other property and equipment apply the cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the

total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

C. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors," from the date of the change.

(16) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee)-right-of-use assets/lease liabilities</u>

- A. Except for payments for short-term leases or leases of low-value assets which are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term, the Company and its subsidiaries recognize right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities for all leases at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company and its subsidiaries.
- B. Lease liabilities are measured at the net present value of the remaining fixed lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

 Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets when there are changes in the lease terms or in future lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, right-of-use assets are recognized at cost which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets are measured subsequently using the cost model and are depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms. When lease liabilities are remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets.

(17) <u>Investment properties</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis.

(18) <u>Intangible assets</u>

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill acquired from an acquisition of a business combination is accounted for by applying the acquisition method. The amount recognized at acquisition date is considered as the cost of goodwill arising in a business combination, and is then measured based on the amount of cost less accumulated impairment loss.

(19) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Company and its subsidiaries assess at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized

for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

- B. The recoverable amount of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(20) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is either discharged, cancelled or expires.

(21) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered by employees in a period, and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render those services.

B. Retirement benefits

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under defined benefit plans is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Company and its subsidiaries in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other

comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded in retained earnings.

iii. Past service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

(22) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet.
- D. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(23) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(24) Revenue recognition

The Company and its subsidiaries allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation when the performance obligations of customer contracts are identifiable. Revenue is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied, and is classified as service revenue, dividend income, interest income and rental income.

A. Service revenue

Service revenue is recognized at the end of the month when the service was provided.

B. Dividend income and interest income

The Company and its subsidiaries recognize the dividend income arising from investments when the shareholders' right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and its subsidiaries and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Interest income arising from financial assets is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and these benefits can be measured reliably. Interest income is calculated over time based on the outstanding principal discounted by using the applicable effective interest rate, and is accounted for under the accrual basis. The effective interest rate is the rate used to discount the estimated cash that will be received during the

financial assets' expected lives to be exactly equal to the net carrying amount of such assets at initial recognition.

C. Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

(25) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF</u>

ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Company and its subsidiaries' accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. The above information is addressed below:

Financial assets-fair value measurement of unlisted stocks without an active market

The fair value of unlisted stocks held by the Company and its subsidiaries that are not traded in an active market is determined considering related financial information and inputs used in applying the valuation techniques. Any change in these judgements and estimates will impact the fair value measurement of these unlisted stocks.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, information on the Company and its subsidiaries' unlisted stocks without an active market is provided in Note 6(3).

6. <u>DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS</u>

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dece	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Petty cash	\$	1,172	\$	1,172	
Checking accounts and demand deposits		13,686,541		9,186,996	
Cash equivalents					
Time deposits with initial maturity term within					
three months		2,777,760		3,206,173	
Commercial papers		17,619,006		23,891,495	
Reverse repos		1,270,000		630,000	
	\$	35,354,479	\$	36,915,836	

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the time deposits with initial maturity term of more than three months were \$ 29,117,656 and \$23,511,547, respectively, and were shown as "other current financial assets."

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Decem	December 31, 2021		ember 31, 2020
Current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Beneficiary certificates	\$	12,332,325	\$	9,316,927

Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Years ended December 31,			
		2021		2020
Fair value change recognized in profit or loss	\$	97,692	\$	247,024
Dividend income recognized in profit or loss		14,137		20,422
	\$	111,829	\$	267,446

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Non-current items:					
Equity instruments					
Unlisted stocks	\$	1,385,493	\$	1,385,493	
Valuation adjustment		4,403,813		4,534,929	
	\$	5,789,306	\$	5,920,422	

Amounts recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Years ended December 31,				
	2021			2020	
Fair value change recognized in other					
comprehensive income	(\$	131,116)	\$	163,541	
Dividend income recognized in profit or loss	\$	202,449	\$	218,470	

(4) Financial assets at amortized cost

Items		December 31, 2021		mber 31, 2020
Current items:				
Financial bonds	\$	6,129,933	\$	2,359,452
Corporate bonds		450,764		100,586
		6,580,697		2,460,038
Less: Allowance for impairmen	(2,430)	()	744)
	\$	6,578,267	\$	2,459,294
Non-current items:				
Financial bonds	\$	8,576,902	\$	11,197,402
Corporate bonds		100,250		501,279
Government bonds		1,870,389		1,597,939
		10,547,541		13,296,620
Less: Allowance for impairmen	(3,189)	()	3,904)
		10,544,352		13,292,716
Less: Compensation reserve	(950,000)	()	600,000)
	\$	9,594,352	\$	12,692,716

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortized cost are listed below:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2021		2020		
Interest income	\$	166,829	\$	180,211		
Impairment loss (recognized) reversed	(971) (182)		
	\$	165,858	\$	180,029		

- B. Information relating to compensation reserve is provided in Note 6(7).
- C. Information relating to the Company's financial assets at amortized cost pledged as collateral is provided in Note 8.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortized cost is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Accounts receivable

	December 31, 2021 \$ 1,695,182		December 31, 2020	
Accounts receivable			\$	1,498,964
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(722)	()	198)
	\$	1,694,460	\$	1,498,766

- A. The Company and its subsidiaries do not hold any collateral on accounts receivable.
- B. Aging analysis of accounts receivable and information relating to credit risk are provided in Note 12(2).

(6) Other current assets

	December 31, 2021		Dece	ember 31, 2020
Receipt and payment for mutual funds on behalf of others	\$	463,281	\$	859,878
Payments under cross-border custody		173,448		415,052
Receipt and payment for bills and bonds on behalf of others		122,170		35,933
Others		177,879		206,197
	\$	936,778	\$	1,517,060

The Company's subsidiaries began to provide receipt and payment services for domestic and offshore mutual funds on behalf of others since August 2006 and July 2016, respectively. The amount pertains to payments received and paid on behalf of others for purchasing or redeeming domestic and offshore mutual funds.

Since November 2015, the Company's subsidiaries began to provide receipt and payment services for foreign securities under cross-border custody on behalf of others. The amount pertains to payments received and paid on behalf of others for taking custody of cross-border securities.

The Company's subsidiaries provide receipt and payment services for bills and bonds on behalf of others. The amount pertains to payments received and paid on behalf of others for redemption of bills and repayment of bonds.

(7) Compensation reserve

- A. The Company, as required by the "Securities and Exchange Act" and the related regulations, deposited \$50 million in the beginning and set aside at a certain percentage of trading fees within 15 days at the end of each quarter to the compensation reserve (Debit: compensation reserve; Credit: cash), until the accumulated amount of the compensation reserve is equal to or greater than the total amount of the Company's capital. In addition, pursuant to the regulations of the Competent Authority No. 00480 bulletin (1986), the Company recognized an equivalent amount as provision for the compensation reserve beginning 1986 (Debit: compensation reserve expense; Credit: provision for the compensation reserve). Moreover, following Article 6 of the "Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Securities Borrowing and Lending Rules," and the regulations of the Competent Authority No. 0920129756 bulletin (2003), the Company sets aside 3% of securities lending and borrowing service fees towards the compensation reserve.
- B. As the accumulated amount of the compensation reserve already exceeded the total amount of the Company's capital, the Company has ceased setting aside at a certain percentage of trading fees to the compensation reserve and the provision for the compensation reserve since November 2006. However, in accordance with the Competent Authority No. 0980026755 bulletin (June 2009), the Company began setting aside 5% of trading fees to the compensation reserve within 15 days after the end of every quarter since January 1, 2010.
- C. Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation (the TDCC) sets aside 5% of revenue from securities

- settlement service, securities recording service, transfer process service and account maintenance service to the compensation reserve (Debit: compensation reserve, Credit: cash) 15 days after the end of each quarter until the accumulated fund balance is equal to the TDCC's paid-in capital.
- D. The Company and its subsidiaries began preparing the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs for the first time from January 1, 2013. Pursuant to the requirements of the regulatory authority, the balance of the provision for the compensation reserve amounting to \$9,275,007 was reclassified to "special reserve" upon transition. The special reserve cannot be used for other purposes except to cover accumulated deficit or for other uses approved by the FSC. In addition, the Company ceased to set aside the provision for the compensation reserve from October 30, 2012. However, the Company still has to set aside 5% of trading fees to the compensation reserve within 15 days after the end of every quarter since January 1, 2010, in accordance with the Competent Authority No. 0980026755 bulletin (June 2009).
- E. Under the regulations of the Competent Authority, if losses occur when the Company pays the settlement on behalf of others under the requirements of Article 153 of the "Securities and Exchange Act," the losses will be directly offset against the abovementioned special reserve and no expense will be recognized, provided the matter is first reported to the Competent Authority and its approval is subsequently obtained.
- F. Under the regulations of the Competent Authority, the TDCC may also use the abovementioned special reserve in the future to write down a specified amount and no expense will be recognized upon approval by the Competent Authority.
- G. Beginning September 1996, the Company was required to establish a special clearing fund to be used in settling defaults by securities companies in accordance with the "Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Rules for the Administration of the Joint Responsibility System Clearing and Settlement Fund." Therefore, the Company established the special clearing fund with an initial funding of \$1 billion. The Company has set aside to the special clearing fund on a continuing basis any portion in excess of the balance of \$1 billion of the Company's compensation reserve. The special clearing fund in excess of the initial funding has an upper limit of \$2 billion. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the balance of the special clearing fund was \$3 billion.

H. The movements of the compensation reserve are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,			
	2021			2020
Balance, beginning of year (Note)	\$	9,339,821	\$	8,935,012
Contributions				
5% of trading fees		463,890		222,590
5% of securities settlement, securities recording,				
transfer process and account maintenance service				
fees		313,804		175,907
3% of securities lending and borrowing service fees		8,978		6,312
		10,126,493		9,339,821
Special clearing fund		3,000,000		3,000,000
Balance, end of year	\$	13,126,493	\$	12,339,821

Note: The beginning balance of the special clearing fund was \$3 billion, and the balance of the compensation reserve was \$12,339,821 and \$11,935,012 as of January 1, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

I. As of December 31, 2021, compensation reserve amounting to \$12,176,493 and \$\$950,000 were invested in time deposits and government bonds, respectively. As of December 31, 2020, compensation reserve amounting to \$11,739,821 and \$600,000 were invested in time deposits and government bonds, respectively.

(8) Settlement and clearing debit (credit) items

As required by the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Company - Type Stock Exchanges, settlement and clearing debit (credit) items include settlement and clearing fund and settlement consideration, and the related descriptions are as follows:

A. Settlement and clearing fund

- (a) As required by the Competent Authority, securities companies make cash deposits to the settlement and clearing fund, which is administrated by a special management committee of the joint responsibility system clearing and settlement fund (the "committee") and deposited in the name of the Company, and this fund is distinguished from the other funds owned by the Company. Under the "Securities and Exchange Act," the settlement and clearing fund can only be (a) invested in government bonds; (b) deposited in banks or in the postal savings system; or (c) invested in other instruments as approved by the Competent Authority. The income on the settlement and clearing fund, after deducting related expenses and taxes, is distributed to the securities companies every six months.
- (b) For the price difference and all other fees arising from and in connection with the handling of any default of settlement obligations by a securities company, deductions are first made against the portion of the contributions made by the defaulting securities company to the settlement and clearing fund and any undistributed income thereon. When that is insufficient, compensation on behalf of the defaulting securities company is made from the special clearing fund in the

following order:

- i. The special clearing fund in excess of \$1 billion will be used, and the utilized portion will not be subsequently made up.
- ii. The initial deposit of the special clearing fund of \$1 billion and the deposit to the settlement and clearing fund by other securities companies will be used proportionately to the amounts of their contributions.
- (c) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the balances of the settlement and clearing fund were \$3,888,176 and \$3,591,413, respectively, and the balance of the special clearing fund was \$3 billion. The funds are invested in time deposits, commercial papers and government bonds pursuant to the relevant regulations. In addition, as of December 31, 2021, the Company had entered into a loan agreement with financial institutions for the loan facility of \$11 billion and US\$10 million and provided time deposits of \$700,000 (\$700,000 from from the clearing and settlement fund accounts) and government bonds with a face value of \$1.3 billion (\$350,000 from the financial assets at amortized cost, \$650,000 from the compensation reserve and \$300,000 from the special clearing fund) to financial institutions as collaterals to provide for future advances that may be required by securities companies in fulfilling settlements and other revolving funds for emergency use as a result of securities companies defaulting on their settlement obligations or natural disasters. As of December 31, 2021, the Company has not yet drawn down from the loan facility.
- (d) As the Company is only responsible for the custodianship of the settlement and clearing fund deposited by securities companies, yield and income generated from the funds belong to the securities companies. Furthermore, the Company does not bear any related expenses and losses, and the recovery or reimbursement of the settlement and clearing fund is made to the individual securities companies. Therefore, the assets and liabilities arising from the settlement and clearing fund are offset in the Company and its subsidiaries' financial statements and the net amount presented is \$0.

B. Settlement consideration

The receipts or payments from/to each securities company arising from the Company's clearing and settlement of securities are shown as "settlement and clearing debit items" and "settlement and clearing credit items." Pursuant to "Operating Rules of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation," net settlement is carried out on the second business day following the trade date. Balances of settlement and clearing debit (credit) items as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Settlement and clearing debit items	\$	24,903,148	\$	29,407,736
Settlement and clearing credit items	\$	24,903,148	\$	29,407,736

(9) Investments accounted for using the equity method

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
Taiwan Ratings Co. (the "TRC")	\$	62,726	\$	57,547	

The carrying amount of the Company and its subsidiaries' interests in the individually immaterial associate and the Company and its subsidiaries' share of the operating results from this associate are summarized below:

	Taiwan Ratings Co. Years ended December 31,				
	2021		2020		
Share of profit of the associate accounted for using the equity method	\$	21,502	\$	18,481	
Share of other comprehensive loss of the associate accounted for using the equity method	(<u>\$</u>	624)	(<u>\$</u>	1,038)	

The percentage of ownership held by the Company and its subsidiaries in the above associate was both 39% as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The carrying amount of the investment in the associate and the share of comprehensive loss of the associate accounted for using the equity method was based on the financial statements audited by other auditors.

(10) Property and equipment

		Buildings				
		and	Computer	Other	Rental	
2021	Land	structures	equipment	equipment	assets	Total
Cost						
At January 1	\$ 938,888	\$1,275,894	\$2,407,217	\$1,419,561	\$ 267,617	\$6,309,177
Additions	-	1,790	229,082	115,699	-	346,571
Disposals	-	(414)	(503,658)	(32,306)	-	(536,378)
Transfers (Note)			15,495	3,686		19,181
Closing book						
amount	\$ 938,888	\$1,277,270	\$2,148,136	\$1,506,640	\$ 267,617	\$6,138,551
<u>Accumulated</u>						
<u>depreciation</u>						
At January 1	\$ -	\$ 203,383	\$1,895,072	\$ 680,741	\$ 138,440	\$2,917,636
Depreciation	-	24,918	275,772	163,554	33,452	497,696
Disposals		(414)	(503,024)	(32,296)		(535,734)
Closing book						
amount	\$ -	\$ 227,887	\$1,667,820	\$ 811,999	<u>\$ 171,892</u>	\$2,879,598
At January 1						
net book amount	\$ 938,888	\$1,072,511	\$ 512,145	\$ 738,820	\$ 129,177	\$3,391,541
At December 31						
net book amount	\$ 938,888	\$1,049,383	\$ 480,316	\$ 694,641	\$ 95,725	\$3,258,953

		Buildings				
		and	Computer	Other	Rental	
2020	Land	structures	equipment	equipment	assets	Total
Cost						
At January 1	\$ 938,888	\$1,274,441	\$2,142,034	\$1,368,732	\$ 267,617	\$5,991,712
Additions	-	1,453	228,100	62,642	-	292,195
Disposals	-	-	(41,250)	(11,813)	-	(53,063)
Transfers (Note)			78,333			78,333
Closing book						
amount	\$ 938,888	\$1,275,894	\$2,407,217	\$1,419,561	\$ 267,617	\$6,309,177
Accumulated						
<u>depreciation</u>						
At January 1	\$ -	\$ 178,471	\$1,656,567	\$ 541,609	\$ 104,988	\$2,481,635
Depreciation	-	24,912	279,262	150,945	33,452	488,571
Disposals		<u> </u>	(40,757)	(11,813)		(52,570)
Closing book						
amount	\$ -	\$ 203,383	\$1,895,072	\$ 680,741	\$ 138,440	\$2,917,636
At January 1 net						
book amount	\$ 938,888	\$1,095,970	\$ 485,467	\$ 827,123	\$ 162,629	\$3,510,077
At December 31						
net book amount	\$ 938,888	\$1,072,511	\$ 512,145	\$ 738,820	\$ 129,177	\$3,391,541

Note: Transfers pertain to prepayments for equipment transferred from other non-current assets.

The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	55 years
Computer equipment	$3 \sim 5 \text{ years}$
Other equipment	3 ~ 15 years
Rental assets	3 ~ 8 years

(11) Lease transactions-lessee

A. Right-of-use assets

(a) The Company and its subsidiaries lease various assets including buildings and other equipment. Lease contracts are typically made for periods between three to ten years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain various different terms and conditions. Apart from the general provisions found in commercial contracts that leased assets may not be transferred, subleased or used as collaterals for borrowing purposes, the lease contracts do not impose other covenants.

(b) Carrying amounts of right-of-use assets:

	December 31, 2021			December 31, 2020		
Buildings	dings \$ 1,677,600		\$	1,928,956		
Other equipment		7,775		11,593		
	\$	1,685,375	\$	1,940,549		

- (c) For the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the addition to right-of-use assets resulting from lease modifications was \$22,668 and \$580,742, respectively.
- (d) For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the additions to right-of-use assets resulting from new leases were \$13,864 and \$15,046, respectively.
- (e) Depreciation on right-of-use assets is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2020			
Buildings	\$	286,578	\$	322,859	
Other equipment		5,128		5,296	
	\$	291,706	\$	328,155	

B. Lease liabilities

(a) The carrying amounts of lease liabilities are as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2020			
Current portion	\$	306,482	\$	308,329	
Non-current portion		1,528,639		1,773,600	
	\$	1,835,121	\$	2,081,929	

(b) Information on profit or loss in relation to lease liabilities is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2021			2020		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	35,221	\$	32,857		

C. Other information on leases is as follows:

- (a) For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company and its subsidiaries' total cash outflows for leases was \$318,561 and \$296,088, respectively.
- (b) Information on lease transactions with related parties is provided in Note 7.

(12) <u>Investment properties</u>

			В	Buildings		
2021	Land		and structures		Total	
Cost						
At January 1 and December 31	\$	248,749	\$	352,932	\$	601,681
Accumulated depreciation						
At January 1	\$	-	\$	169,122	\$	169,122
Depreciation				6,307		6,307
Closing book amount	\$	_	\$	175,429	\$	175,429
At January 1 net book						
amount	\$	248,749	\$	183,810	\$	432,559
At December 31 net book						
amount	\$	248,749	\$	177,503	\$	426,252
			В	Buildings		
2020		Land	and	structures		Total
Cost						
At January 1 and December 31	\$	248,749	\$	352,932	\$	601,681
Accumulated depreciation						
At January 1	\$	-	\$	162,815	\$	162,815
Depreciation				6,307		6,307
Closing book amount	\$		\$	169,122	\$	169,122
At January 1 net book						
amount	\$	248,749	\$	190,117	\$	438,866
At December 31 net book				_		
amount	\$	248,749	\$	183,810	\$	432,559

A. Rental income and direct operating expenses arising from the investment properties are shown below:

	Years ended December 31,			
	2021		2020	
Rental income from investment properties	\$	37,564	\$	35,694
Direct operating expenses arising from the				
investment properties that generated rental income				
during the year (depreciation expense)	\$	4,674	\$	5,592

B. The fair values of the investment properties held by the Company and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$1,321,036 and \$1,207,847, respectively. The fair values of the above assets were determined by management by the valuation from independent appraisers, and by comparing with the transaction information of similar properties in the market and applying appropriate adjustments in the valuations. The comparative approach and income approach were used for the valuations which are categorized within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

C. Except for land, investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 55 years.

(13) Intangible assets

2021	_(Goodwill		Software		Others		Total
Cost								
At January 1	\$	237,545	\$	1,315,979	\$	746	\$	1,554,270
Additions		-		167,543		-		167,543
Disposals		-	(77,107)		-	(77,107)
Transfer from prepayments				1.1.001				1.4.001
for equipment			_	14,991	_		_	14,991
Closing book amount	\$	237,545	<u>\$</u>	1,421,406	\$	746	\$	1,659,697
Accumulated amortization								
At January 1	\$	-	\$	819,545	\$	634	\$	820,179
Amortization		-		271,023		41		271,064
Disposals			(77,107)		_	(77,107)
Closing book amount	\$	_	\$	1,013,461	\$	675	\$	1,014,136
At January 1 net book amount	\$	237,545	\$	496,434	\$	112	\$	734,091
At December 31 net book amount	\$	237,545	\$	407,945	\$	71	\$	645,561
2020	_(Goodwill		Software		Others		Total
Cost								
<u>Cost</u> At January 1	\$	237,545	\$	1,328,695	\$	746	\$	1,566,986
· <u> </u>	\$	237,545	\$	1,328,695 100,396	\$	746 -	\$	1,566,986 100,396
At January 1	\$	237,545	\$		\$	746 - -	\$	
At January 1 Additions	\$	237,545	·	100,396 139,193)	\$	746 - -		100,396 139,193)
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments for equipment		- -	(100,396 139,193) 26,081	_	- - -	(100,396 139,193) 26,081
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments	\$	237,545	·	100,396 139,193)	\$	746 - - - 746		100,396 139,193)
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments for equipment		- -	(100,396 139,193) 26,081	_	- - -	(100,396 139,193) 26,081
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments for equipment Closing book amount		- -	(100,396 139,193) 26,081	_	- - -	(100,396 139,193) 26,081
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments for equipment Closing book amount Accumulated amortization	\$	- -	\$	100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,315,979	\$	- - - 746	\$	100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,554,270
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments for equipment Closing book amount Accumulated amortization At January 1	\$	- -	\$	100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,315,979 677,831	\$	- - 746 546	\$	100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,554,270 678,377
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments for equipment Closing book amount Accumulated amortization At January 1 Amortization	\$	- -	\$	100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,315,979 677,831 280,907	\$	- - 746 546	\$	100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,554,270 678,377 280,995
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments for equipment Closing book amount Accumulated amortization At January 1 Amortization Disposals	\$	- -	(<u>\$</u> \$	100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,315,979 677,831 280,907 139,193)	<u>\$</u>	- - 746 546 88 -	\$ \$ (100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,554,270 678,377 280,995 139,193)
At January 1 Additions Disposals Transfer from prepayments for equipment Closing book amount Accumulated amortization At January 1 Amortization Disposals Closing book amount	\$ \$	237,545	\$ \$ (100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,315,979 677,831 280,907 139,193) 819,545	\$ \$	- - 746 546 88 - 634	\$ \$ (100,396 139,193) 26,081 1,554,270 678,377 280,995 139,193) 820,179

Computer software is stated at historical cost and is amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of three years.

(14) Other non-current assets

Operations guarantee deposits		ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
		570,000	\$	570,000	
Refundable deposits and other assets		341,768		322,540	
Prepayments for equipment and intangible assets		22,650		17,490	
	\$	934,418	\$	910,030	

- A. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company has pledged time deposits both amounting to \$500,000, with the Central Bank of the Republic of China (Taiwan) as operations guarantee deposits.
- B. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, Fundrich Securities Co., Ltd. has pledged time deposits amounting to \$70 million with the bank designated by the Securities and Futures Bureau, based on the Regulations Governing Securities Firms and other laws.

(15) Securities lending and borrowing collateral payable

The Company has provided securities lending and borrowing services since June 2003. The borrower is required to deposit collaterals based on certain percentages (the "stipulated collateral ratio") of borrowed securities' daily market prices to the Company. In addition, the individual collateral maintenance ratio of each transaction will be calculated on a daily basis, and further collaterals will be required if the maintenance ratio is below the stipulated collateral ratio. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company has received the following collaterals:

	_Dec	cember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Cash (Note A)	\$	20,668,237	\$	26,010,720	
Bank drafts (Note B)	\$	13,931,122	\$	9,614,217	
Securities (Notes B and C)	\$	41,972,661	\$	81,665,098	

Note A: Interest will be paid based on the bank's current interest rate upon refund of cash collaterals.

Note B: Pursuant to "Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Securities Borrowing and Lending Rules," bank drafts and securities will be returned to the borrowers upon the completion of the transaction. Accordingly, these are not reflected as assets of the Company. The Company is only responsible for the custodianship of these collaterals.

Note C: Securities are remeasured based on their closing prices as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

(16) Other current liabilities

	Dece	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Security borrowing performance bond payable (Note A)	\$	7,205,549	\$	4,300,549	
Receipts under custody (Note B)		756,637		1,308,804	
Contract liabilities (Note C)		971,458		726,954	
Deposits received for borrowing securities					
collateral		-		235,000	
Others		123,057		166,134	
	\$	9,056,701	\$	6,737,441	

- Note A: Since February 1, 2016, in order to meet the requirements of market participants and improve the liquidity of the securities market, apart from lending out marketable securities to its customers, a securities company can also borrow marketable securities from its customers, other securities companies, and securities finance enterprises. If marketable securities are borrowed from a customer, the securities companies should appropriate a performance guarantee in proportion to the total amount of borrowed marketable securities to the Company.
- Note B: Receipts under custody pertain to payments received and paid by the subsidiaries on behalf of others which relate to the purchase or redemption of offshore and domestic mutual funds and for custody of cross-border securities starting from August 2006, July 2016 and November 2015 for the aforementioned services, respectively.
- Note C: Contract liabilities include annual listing fees received in advance, call (put) warrant listing fees received in advance, system construction service fees received in advance, internet user authorization service fees received in advance and others.

(17) Retirement benefits

A. Define benefit plans

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, amounts recognized based on actuarial reports are as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	5,067,799	\$	4,915,463	
Fair value of plan assets	(4,342,853)	(4,143,221)	
Net defined benefit liability	\$	724,946	\$	772,242	

(a) Movements in net defined benefit liability are as follows:

	de	sent value of fined benefit obligations		Fair value of plan assets	_	Net defined benefit liability
Year ended December 31, 2021						
Balance at January 1	\$	4,915,463	\$	4,143,221	\$	772,242
Current service cost		290,757		-		290,757
Past service cost	(1,694)		-	(1,694)
Interest expense/income		18,264		16,220		2,044
		5,222,790		4,159,441	_	1,063,349
Remeasurements (Note 1):						
Return on plan assets (Note 2)		-		36,417	(36,417)
Change in demographic assumptions		46,316				46,316
Change in financial assumptions	(63,595)		_	(63,595)
Experience adjustments	(13,168		_	(13,168
Experience adjustments		4,111)		36,417	(40,528)
Pension fund contribution		- 1,111/		200 506	(289,586)
Pension paid	(147,439)	(139,150)	`	8,289)
Settlement	(3,441)	(3,441)	•	-
Balance at December 31	\$	5,067,799	\$	4,342,853	\$	724,946
W	det	sent value of fined benefit obligations		air value of plan assets		Net defined benefit liability
Year ended December 31, 2020	det 	fined benefit obligations		plan assets		benefit liability
Balance at January 1	det	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468			\$	benefit liability 665,669
Balance at January 1 Current service cost	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603		plan assets		665,669 296,603
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost	det 	4,901,468 296,603 68,047		4,235,799		665,669 296,603 68,047
Balance at January 1 Current service cost	det 	4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723		4,235,799 - 29,366		665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income	det 	4,901,468 296,603 68,047		4,235,799		665,669 296,603 68,047
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1):	det 	4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723		4,235,799 29,366 4,265,165	\$	665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2)	det 	4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723		4,235,799 - 29,366	\$	665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2) Change in demographic	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723 5,298,841		4,235,799 29,366 4,265,165	\$	665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2) Change in demographic assumptions	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723 5,298,841		4,235,799 29,366 4,265,165	\$	665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676 81,618)
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723 5,298,841 110 84,990		4,235,799 29,366 4,265,165	\$	665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676 81,618) 110 84,990
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2) Change in demographic assumptions	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723 5,298,841 110 84,990 57,432		4,235,799 - 29,366 4,265,165 81,618	\$	665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676 81,618) 110 84,990 57,432
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723 5,298,841 110 84,990		4,235,799	\$	665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676 81,618) 110 84,990 57,432 60,914
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments Pension fund contribution	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723 5,298,841 110 84,990 57,432 142,532	\$	29,366 4,265,165 81,618 - - 81,618 288,570	* (665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676 81,618) 110 84,990 57,432 60,914 288,570)
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments Pension fund contribution Pension paid	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723 5,298,841 110 84,990 57,432 142,532 491,546)	\$	29,366 4,265,165 81,618 	* - ((((((((((((((((((665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676 81,618) 110 84,990 57,432 60,914 288,570) 3,618)
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Past service cost Interest expense/income Remeasurements (Note 1): Return on plan assets (Note 2) Change in demographic assumptions Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments Pension fund contribution	det 	fined benefit obligations 4,901,468 296,603 68,047 32,723 5,298,841 110 84,990 57,432 142,532	\$	29,366 4,265,165 81,618 - - 81,618 288,570	* - ((((((((((((((((((665,669 296,603 68,047 3,357 1,033,676 81,618) 110 84,990 57,432 60,914 288,570)

Note 1: Excluding tax effects.

Note 2: Excluding amounts included in interest income or expense.

- (b) Based on the internal policies and procedures for employees' retirement and termination of employment of the Company, the TDCC and its subsidiaries, the Company, the TDCC and its subsidiaries make monthly contributions to the workers' pension fund and the employees' retirement fund based on certain percentages of employees' salaries. These funds are administrated by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee and the Committee of Employee Pension Fund, respectively. The contributed amounts are deposited with the Bank of Taiwan under the names of the respective committees. Employees who have retired and resigned will receive benefits from the aforementioned funds.
- (c) TWCA has a pension plan covering all regular employees. Under the pension plan, pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salary for the sixmonth period prior to retirement.
- (d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the pension fund (the "Fund") under the Company and its subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plans and the Fund is administrated by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). The minimum earnings from the utilization of the Fund in the annual distributions shall be no less than the earnings calculated using the two-year time deposits interest rates offered by local banks. If the minimum earnings are less than the earnings calculated under the aforementioned rates, the government shall make up for the shortfall after being authorized by the Competent Authority. The Company and its subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating the Fund and hence the Company and its subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of the fair value of plan assets in accordance with paragraph 142 of IAS 19. The composition of the fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is published in the "Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report" announced by the government. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the funds of the Company and its subsidiaries that were administrated by the Committee of Employee Pension Fund consist of bank deposits only.
- (e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	2021	2020
Discount rate	0.625%~0.75%	0.3%~0.75%
Future salary increases	2%~3%	2%~3%

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in each territory.

The sensitivity of the present value of defined benefit obligation to changes in the significant actuarial assumptions was as follows:

		Discount rate			I	Future salary increases										
	_	Increase 0.25%		Decrease 0.25%		20010000		200100050		20010000		20010000		ncrease 0.25%	I	Decrease 0.25%
<u>December 31, 2021</u>																
Effect on present value of																
defined benefit obligation	(\$	95,983)	\$	99,179	\$	56,082	(<u>\$</u>	54,127)								
<u>December 31, 2020</u>																
Effect on present value of																
defined benefit obligation	(<u>\$</u>	99,189)	\$	102,569	\$	59,484	(<u>\$</u>	56,205)								

The sensitivity analysis above is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated.

(f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ending December 31, 2022 amount to \$305,806.

B.Defined contribution plans

- (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its subsidiaries have established defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its subsidiaries make a monthly contribution of an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. Employees will receive pension benefits based on the regulations of the Act. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Company and its subsidiaries For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$149,636 and \$146,661, respectively.
- (c) TWCA has an employee severance pay plan. Under the plan, TWCA sets aside a certain percentage of the employees' annual salaries and wages as reserve for severance pay and pension.

(18) Share capital

- A. In accordance with the resolution adopted at the shareholders' meeting on August 20, 2021, the Company issued 90,050 thousand shares of common stock by capitalizing the unappropriated retained earnings. The registration of this capital increase was approved by the Competent Authority.
- B. As of December 31, 2021, the Company's authorized and paid-in capital was \$8,404,699 with a par value of \$10 (in New Taiwan dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- C. Pursuant to an amendment to Article 128 of the "Securities and Exchange Act" promulgated on

July 19, 2000, the Company's common stocks can only be sold to authorized securities companies starting January 15, 2001.

(19) Capital reserve

Pursuant to the R.O.C. "Company Act," capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(20) <u>Legal reserve/Special reserve</u>

- A. According to the R.O.C. "Company Act," the annual net income should be used initially to cover any accumulated deficit; thereafter 10% of the annual net income should be set aside as the legal reserve until it has reached 100% of contributed capital. The legal reserve shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or distribute cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership and shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of the legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or distribution of cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the balance of the reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- B. As required under the regulations of the Securities and Futures Bureau ("SFB"), the Company shall appropriate a special reserve based on its net income annually. The rate of the appropriation was determined by the Competent Authority, which is at most 80% of the net income. Furthermore, pursuant to the regulations of the Competent Authority, the Company and its subsidiaries had reclassified the provision for the compensation reserve to a special reserve in their first financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs in 2013. The special reserve, as resolved by the shareholders, can only be used upon the Competent Authority's approval to offset against deficit or transferred to capital.

(21) <u>Unappropriated retained earnings</u>

		2021	2	020
At January 1	\$	5,750,688	\$	3,358,349
Profit for the year		10,386,136		5,796,472
Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(6,364) (46,057)
Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans of				
associate accounted for by using the equity method	(624) (1,038)
Legal reserve	(574,938) (335,729)
Special reserve	(1,667,319) (1,054,189)
Cash dividends	(2,551,427) (1,748,551)
Stock dividends	(900,503) (· ·	218,569)
At December 31	\$	10,435,649	\$	5,750,688

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the annual net income should be used initially to cover any accumulated deficit; 10% of the annual net income should be appropriated as the

- legal reserve and the special reserve upon the Competent Authority's approval. The remaining amount can be distributed by a resolution passed during a meeting of the Board of Directors and approved at the shareholders' meeting.
- B. As approved by the shareholders during their meeting, cash dividends declared for 2020 and 2019 were \$3.4 (in New Taiwan dollars) per share and \$2.4 (in New Taiwan dollars) per share, respectively, and the stock dividends for 2020 and 2019 were \$1.2 (in New Taiwan dollars) per share and \$0.3 (in New Taiwan dollars) per share, respectively.

(22) Other equity items

Unrealized losses from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

		2021		
At January 1	\$	3,638,354	\$	3,487,531
Revaluation	(134,255)	- <u></u>	150,823
At December 31	\$	3,504,099	\$	3,638,354

(23) Trading fees

Trading fees mainly represent fees collected for the use of the Company's services for trading and settlement of securities. The fees are computed as a percentage of the value of the transactions of securities traded and the rate is 0.000065 per New Taiwan dollar for dealers and brokers. After reaching an agreement with the Taiwan Securities Association, which was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and the Competent Authority in No. 0950156625 bulletin (December 14, 2006), the rate has been reduced by 12% from the time that the Company ceased to set it aside to the compensation reserve. Effective December 1, 2011, as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and the Competent Authority in No. 1000058644 bulletin (November 29, 2011), the rate (0.000065 per New Taiwan dollar) has been reduced by 20%.

(24) Additional information on operating expenses

	Operating expenses					
	Years ended December 31,					
		2021		2020		
Employee benefit expense						
Salaries	\$	2,475,636	\$	2,425,369		
Insurance		156,630		140,405		
Pension		440,743		514,668		
Others		74,641		37,715		
	\$	3,147,650	\$	3,118,157		
Depreciation	\$	795,709	\$	823,033		
Amortization	\$	271,064	\$	280,995		

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall distribute 1%~12% of

- annual profit as employees' compensation for each accounting year. However, the distribution of annual profit shall be first reserved to offset against accumulated deficit, if any.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, employees' compensation was accrued in the amounts of \$129,879 and \$129,945, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.

(25) Other income

()	Years ended December 31,				
		2021		2020	
Dividend income	\$	216,586	\$	238,892	
Rental income		95,920		94,271	
Others		12,833		9,695	
	\$	325,339	\$	342,858	
(26) Other gains and losses					
		Years ended	Decembe	er 31,	
		2021		2020	
Gains on financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss	\$	97,692	\$	247,024	
Foreign exchange losses	(22,622)	(44,373)	
Others	(86,120)	(110,379)	
	(\$	11,050)	\$	92,272	
(27) <u>Finance costs</u>					
		Years ended	Decembe	er 31,	
		2021		2020	
Interest expense-lease liabilities	\$	35,221	\$	32,857	
Interest expense-securities lending and					
borrowing collateral		2,667		1,182	
	\$	37,888	\$	34,039	

(28) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense

	Years ended December 31,						
		2021		2020			
Current tax:							
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	3,292,244	\$	1,805,041			
Tax on unappropriated earnings		2,791		13			
Prior year income tax over estimation		7,648	(28,385)			
Total current tax		3,302,683		1,776,669			
Deferred tax:							
Origination and reversal of temporary							
differences	(8,873)		4,355			
Income tax expense	\$	3,293,810	\$	1,781,024			

(b) Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	Years ended December 31,						
		2021	2020				
Tax calculated based on profit before tax							
and statutory tax rate	\$	3,993,041 \$	2,298,850				
Tax on unappropriated earnings		2,791	13				
Effect from permanent differences of							
income tax	(695,108) (507,861)				
Temporary differences and tax loss not							
recognized as deferred tax assets	(14,742)	3,306				
Deferred tax assets (under) over estimation		180	15,101				
Prior year income tax over estimation		7,648 (28,385)				
Income tax expense	\$	3,293,810 \$	1,781,024				

B. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

			Ye	ar ended De	cember	31, 2021		
					Reco	gnized		
					in	other		
			Rec	ognized in	compi	rehensive		
	Ja	anuary 1		fit or loss	-	come	Dec	cember 31
-Deferred tax assets (recorded					-			
as "other non-current assets")								
Employees' welfare	\$	2,408	\$	3,495	\$	-	\$	5,903
Unused annual paid leave		24,303		1,443		-		25,746
Unrealized exchange loss		22,184		4,519		-		26,703
Others		2,632	(584)		70		2,118
	\$	51,527	\$	8,873	\$	70	\$	60,470
-Deferred tax liabilities								
Goodwill	\$	35,673	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,673
Reserve for land value								
increment tax		44,599						44,599
	\$	80,272	\$	_	\$		\$	80,272
			Ye	ar ended De	cember	31, 2020		
					Reco	gnized		
					in	other		
			Rec	ognized in	compi	rehensive		
	Ja	anuary 1	pro	fit or loss	income		Dec	cember 31
-Deferred tax assets (recorded								
as "other non-current assets")								
Employees' welfare	\$	2,236	\$	172	\$	-	\$	2,408
Unused annual paid leave		22,677		1,626		-		24,303
Unrealized exchange loss		14,575		7,609		-		22,184
Lease contracts		15,101	(15,101)		-		-
Others		1,178		1,339		115		2,632
	\$	55,767	(\$	4,355)	\$	115	\$	51,527
-Deferred tax liabilities								
Goodwill	\$	35,673	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,673
Reserve for land value								
increment tax		44,599						44,599
	\$	80,272	\$	_	\$	_	\$	80,272

C. The amounts of deductible temporary differences that were not recognized as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Deductible temporary differences	\$	636,537	\$	578,778	

D. The income tax returns of the Company and its subsidiaries assessed by the tax authorities are as follows:

The Company

Year of Assessment

2019

The TDCC					2019
The TWCA					2019
The TIP					2020
Fundrich Securities Co. Ltd.					2019
(29) Earnings per share					
		Ye	ear ended December 3	1, 2021	
			Weighted-average number of shares		
	Amo	ount after tax	outstanding (in thousands of shares)		gs per share dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company	\$	10,386,136	840,470	\$	12.36
		Ye	ar ended December 31	, 2020	
			Weighted-average		
			number of shares		
			outstanding (in	Earning	gs per share
	Amo	unt after tax	thousands of shares)	(in	dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company	\$	5,796,472	840,470	\$	6.90
After the retrospective adjustme	nt as a	result of the s	tock dividends, the we	eighted-av	erage number

After the retrospective adjustment as a result of the stock dividends, the weighted-average number of shares outstanding increased from 750,420 to 840,470 for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the earnings per share was adjusted from \$7.72 to \$6.90.

(30) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments

	Years ended December 31,					
Additions and transfers from property and equipment		2021	2020			
	\$	365,752	\$	370,528		
Additions and transfers from intangible assets		182,534 1,100		126,477		
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment Less: Opening balance of prepayments for		-	(1,100)		
equipment and intangible assets	(17,490)	(33,361)		
Add: Ending balance of prepayments for equipment and intangible assets		22,650		17,490		
Cash paid during the year	\$	554,546	\$	480,034		

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Yuanta Securities Co., Ltd. ("YUANTA")	Corporate director
Bank of Taiwan	//
Land Bank of Taiwan Co., Ltd.	//
Taiwan Cement Corporation	//
Fubon Securities Co., Ltd.	//
YFY Inc.	<i>"</i>
IBF Securities Co., Ltd.	<i>"</i>
Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	//
Yuanta Securities Finance Co., Ltd.	//
KGI Securities Co., Ltd.	<i>"</i>
Taipei Financial Center Corporation (the "TFCC")	Other related party
Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation (the "TAIFEX")	<i>"</i>
Jih Sun Securities Co., Ltd.	//
Taipei Exchange (the "TPEx")	//
Hua Nan Commercial Band Ltd.	//

(2) Significant related party transactions

C. Securities recording service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650		Years ended December 31,				
Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 1,379,764 \$ 675,992 Others 839,887 400,879 Other related parties 334,377 176,350 \$ 2,554,028 \$ 1,253,221 B. Listing fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 346,537 \$ 264,752 Other related parties 10,635 8,689 \$ 563,204 \$ 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: TO Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Others 83,798 74,832 Corporate directors \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. R				2020		
Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 1,379,764 \$ 675,992 Others 839,887 400,879 Other related parties 334,377 176,350 \$ 2,554,028 \$ 1,253,221 B. Listing fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 346,537 \$ 264,752 Other related parties 10,635 8,689 \$ 563,204 \$ 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: TO Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Others 83,798 74,832 Corporate directors \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. R	A. Trading fees:					
YUANTA \$ 1,379,764 675,992 Others 839,887 400,879 Other related parties 334,377 176,350 \$ 2,554,028 \$ 1,253,221 B. Listing fees: \$ 2,554,028 \$ 1,253,221 Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 346,537 \$ 264,752 Others 206,032 148,211 Other related parties 10,635 8,689 \$ 563,204 \$ 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: *** *** Corporate directors *** *** YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Others 279,537 142,135 Others 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: *** Corporate directors \$ 33,798 74,832 Others \$ 33,798 74,832 Other related parties \$ 163,008	_					
Others 839,887 400,879 Other related parties 334,377 176,350 8 2,554,028 1,253,221 B. Listing fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 346,537 264,752 Others 206,032 148,211 Other related parties 10,635 8,689 \$ 563,204 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 5 0ther related parties 113,981 63,442 5 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 21,99 Other related parties \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 Cher related parties \$ 457,786 415,729 F. Royalty fees:	-	\$	1,379,764	\$	675,992	
Other related parties 334,377 176,350 8 2,554,028 \$ 1,253,221 B. Listing fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 346,537 \$ 264,752 Others 206,032 148,211 Other related parties 10,635 8,689 \$ 563,204 \$ 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 2,199 Other related parties 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 5,112 E. Future clearing fees: 457,786 415,729 F. Royalty fees:		·		•		
Sample S	Other related parties		*			
Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 346,537 \$ 264,752 Others 206,032 148,211 Other related parties 10,635 8,689 \$ 563,204 \$ 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors \$ 13,981 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors \$ 33,798 \$ 52,199 Others 8 37,98 \$ 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 E. Future clearing fees: \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Other related parties \$ 334,911	1	\$	•	\$,	
YUANTA \$ 346,537 \$ 264,752 Others 206,032 148,211 Other related parties 10,635 8,689 \$ 563,204 \$ 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: S 563,204 \$ 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: S 29,233 S 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: S 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: S 279,537 142,135 Corporate directors \$ 33,798 74,832 YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 E. Future clearing fees: S 163,008 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: S 457,786 415,729 F. Royalty fees: S 333,261 \$ 337,509 Other related parties 300 <t< td=""><td>B. Listing fees:</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td></t<>	B. Listing fees:		_		_	
Others 206,032 148,211 Other related parties 10,635 8,689 \$ 563,204 \$ 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: Securities recording service fees: Corporate directors \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Securities Corporate directors \$ 13,981 592,041 YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 E. Future clearing fees: Securities recording fees: Securities recording fees: Other related parties \$ 457,786 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Securities fees: Securities fees: Other related parties \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Securities recordi	Corporate directors					
Other related parties 10,635 8,689 C. Securities recording service fees: 2563,204 421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: 279,537 438,450 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 D. Transfer process service fees: 51,188,871 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: 73,049 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 The Transfer process service fees: 5163,008 132,143 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 Salary 4457,786 415,729 F. Royalty fees: 74,832 4457,786 415,729 F. Royalty fees: 333,261 337,509 Other related parties 330 - The TAIFEX 333,261 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,550	YUANTA	\$	346,537	\$	264,752	
Other related parties 10,635 8,689 C. Securities recording service fees: 2563,204 \$421,652 C. Securities recording service fees: 279,537 \$229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 D. Transfer process service fees: 51,188,871 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: 73,049 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 Corporate directors 83,798 74,832 E. Future clearing fees: 6,161 5,112 Other related parties 5163,008 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: 74,832 4457,786 415,729 F. Royalty fees: 333,261 337,509 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832 74,832	Others		206,032		148,211	
C. Securities recording service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI \$ 356,903 \$ 157,231 Others \$ 279,537 \$ 142,135 Other related parties \$ 113,981 \$ 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others \$ 33,798 \$ 74,832 Other related parties \$ 6,161 \$ 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others \$ 300 \$ - 6 Corporate directors \$ 300 \$ - 6 Corporate directors \$ 1,350 \$ 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Other related parties		10,635		8,689	
Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Other related parties \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	•	\$	563,204	\$	421,652	
YUANTA \$ 438,450 \$ 229,233 KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	C. Securities recording service fees:					
KGI 356,903 157,231 Others 279,537 142,135 Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Corporate directors					
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Other related parties 113,981 63,442 \$ 1,188,871 \$ 592,041 D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 E. Future clearing fees: \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future related parties \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	KGI		356,903		157,231	
S	Others		279,537		142,135	
D. Transfer process service fees: Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others \$ 83,798 74,832 Other related parties \$ 6,161 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others \$ 300 \$ - Corporate directors \$ 1,350 \$ 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Other related parties		113,981		63,442	
Corporate directors YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 * 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties		\$	1,188,871	\$	592,041	
YUANTA \$ 73,049 \$ 52,199 Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	D. Transfer process service fees:					
Others 83,798 74,832 Other related parties 6,161 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Corporate directors					
Other related parties 6,161 5,112 \$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	YUANTA	\$	73,049	\$	52,199	
\$ 163,008 \$ 132,143 E. Future clearing fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others \$ 300 \$ Corporate directors \$ 1,350 \$ 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Others		83,798		74,832	
E. Future clearing fees:	Other related parties		6,161		5,112	
Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties		\$	163,008	\$	132,143	
The TAIFEX \$ 457,786 \$ 415,729 F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	E. Future clearing fees:					
F. Royalty fees: Other related parties The TAIFEX Others Corporate directors G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Other related parties					
Other related parties \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350	The TAIFEX	<u>\$</u>	457,786	\$	415,729	
The TAIFEX \$ 333,261 \$ 337,509 Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350	F. Royalty fees:					
Others 300 - Corporate directors 1,350 1,650 \$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Other related parties					
Corporate directors 1,350 \$ 334,911 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	The TAIFEX	\$	333,261	\$	337,509	
\$ 334,911 \$ 339,159 G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Others		300		-	
G. Information processing fees: Other related parties	Corporate directors		1,350		1,650	
Other related parties		\$	334,911	\$	339,159	
-	G. Information processing fees:					
The TPEx \$ 472,485 \$ 291,082	Other related parties					
	The TPEx	\$	472,485	\$	291,082	

	Years ended December 31,					
		2021	2020			
H. Securities settlement service fees: Other related parties The TPEx	\$	461,814	\$	289,793		
I. Co-Location service fee:						
Other related parties						
The TPEx	\$	81,163	\$	61,267		
Others		5,622		4,560		
Corporate directors						
YUANTA		37,203		24,283		
Others		11,045		6,630		
	\$	135,033	\$	96,740		
J.Receivables from related parties:	Decer	nber 31, 2021	Decer	mber 31, 2020		
Corporate directors	\$	260,593	\$	251,607		
Other related parties		191,630		171,735		
	\$	452,223	\$	423,342		

J. Lease transactions-lessee

- (a) The Company leased buildings and structures from the TFCC for a period of 10 years, and the rents were paid monthly.
- (b) For the year ended December 31, 2020, the right-of-use asset resulting from contract modification to the Company's lease inside the TFCC increased by \$485,028.
- (c) Lease liabilities

	December 31, 2021			December 31, 2020		
The TFCC	\$	1,454,713	\$	1,596,664		

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recognized interest expense arising from lease liabilities amounting to \$28,339 and \$25,845, respectively.

(3) Key management compensation

	Years ended December 31,						
		2021	2020				
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	114,007	\$	108,616			
Pensions		10,590		10,428			
	\$	124,597	\$	119,044			

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

Refer to Note 6(8) for the information on time deposits and government bonds pledged by the Company as collaterals for the loan facility with banks and Note 6(14) for collaterals for operation guarantee deposits.

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT</u>

COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

Future payments required for the contracts in relation to the acquisitions of computer equipment and information systems are as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Computer equipment and other equipment	\$	117,002	\$	109,249

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Company and its subsidiaries' objectives of capital management are as follows:

- A. Ensuring continued operations and returns to shareholders;
- B. Supporting stability and growth of the Company; and
- C. Providing capital to improve risk management ability.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Fair value information of financial instruments

	December 31, 2021		Dec	ember 31, 2020
<u>Financial assets</u>				
Fair value through profit or loss	\$	12,332,325	\$	9,316,927
Fair value through other comprehensive income		5,789,306		5,920,422
Amortized cost (Note 1)		122,119,471		121,117,568
	\$	140,241,102	\$	136,354,917
Financial liabilities				
Amortized cost (Note 2)	\$	55,435,938	\$	63,022,857
Lease liabilities		1,835,121		2,081,929
	\$	57,271,059	\$	65,104,786

Note 1: Including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, accounts receivable, net, other receivables, net, other financial assets, settlement and clearing debit items, payments under cross-border custody, receipt and payment for mutual funds on behalf of others, receipt and payment for bills and bonds on behalf of others, compensation reserve, operations guarantee deposits and refundable deposits.

Note 2: Including securities lending and borrowing collateral payable, accrued expenses, settlement and clearing credit items, receipts under custody, security borrowing performance bond payable, deposits received for borrowing securities collateral and guarantee deposits received.

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The objective of financial risk management is to manage the following financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.
- (b) The Company and its subsidiaries have sufficient mechanisms to manage and control all financial risks to which the Company and its subsidiaries are exposed. Except for market risk that is controlled by external factors, other risks can be controlled internally or eliminated and the target is to minimize the risks to zero. The Company and its subsidiaries' overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to optimize the overall positions to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company and its subsidiaries' financial performance.
- (c) Risk management is carried out by a central finance department ("Finance Department") in accordance with the capital management policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Finance Department identifies and evaluates a variety of financial instruments, transaction flow, and transaction counterparties. Moreover, the Finance Department regularly proposes recommendation reports and reviews the business performance. The internal auditor is in charge of conducting the audit of the business function.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of exposure

(a) Market risk

The market risk the Company and its subsidiaries is exposed to is caused by losses resulting from fluctuations in exchange rates, interest rates and securities prices.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from value changes in assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies due to fluctuations in exchange rates. The Company and its subsidiaries provide services for securities borrowing and lending transactions, and according to the regulations, specific security borrowers can deposit cash denominated in United States Dollars or other currencies. Some funds of the Company and its subsidiaries are also denominated in foreign currencies.

Sensitivity analysis

	U				-
	Currency				Effect
(Foreign currency:	Amount	Exchange	Book Value	Degree of	on profit
functional currency)	(in thousands)	Rate	(NTD)	variation	or loss
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	38,206	27.68	\$ 1,057,542	1%	\$ 10,575
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	8,006	27.68	221,606	1%	2,216
		Dec	cember 31, 2020	0	
	Foreign			Sensitivit	y analysis
	Currency				Effect
(Foreign currency:	Amount	Exchange	Book Value	Degree of	on profit
functional currency)	(in thousands)	Rate	(NTD)	variation	or loss
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	26,434	28.48	\$ 752,840	1%	\$ 7,528

Foreign

The total exchange gains (losses) arising from significant fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on the monetary items held by the Company and its subsidiaries For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounted to (\$22,622) and (\$44,373), respectively.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from changes in fair value of financial instruments resulting from fluctuations in market interest rates, and the risk mainly arises from bond investments and investments in money market funds. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the financial assets measured at amortized cost consisted of fixed-rate products amounting to \$17,122,619 and \$15,752,010 (Note), respectively. Changes in market interest rates will result in fluctuations in the fair value of the financial instruments. However, as these financial instruments are held until maturity in order to receive returns based on the effective interest rates during the expected lives of these instruments, consequently no disposal or valuation gains or losses will arise as a result of the fluctuations in fair values.

Note: As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the amount includes the government bonds stated in the compensation reserve.

Price risk

The Company and its subsidiaries are exposed to the equity price risk arising from financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income For the years ended December 31, 2021 and

2020.

The market risk of holding these equity securities includes the specific risks related to changes in market quoted prices of individual equity securities and general market risks related to changes in market quoted prices in the overall markets. In order to manage the equity price risks, investments in beneficiary certificates are made in accordance with the Company and its subsidiaries' related policies and procedures on capital management, and the Company and its subsidiaries choose appropriate investment targets, set maximum amounts and limitations for prudent investments practice, and prepare summaries of investment gains/losses and capital usage reports regularly. Equity investment has to be approved by the Company's Board of Directors before initialization.

Sensitivity analysis of price risk of beneficiary certificates is based on calculations of the changes in fair value at the end of the reporting period. If the prices of the beneficiary certificates had increased/decreased by 1% For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, due to the effects of the fair value movement of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the profit or loss for the year, net of tax, would have increased/decreased by \$123,323 and \$93,169, respectively.

The Company and its subsidiaries' unlisted stocks are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties in the future values of the underlying investments. The fair value level of these unlisted stocks belongs to level 3. The sensitivity analysis is provided in Notes 12(3)H and 12(3)I.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk arises from the risk that a client or a counterparty defaults on its contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company and its subsidiaries are exposed to the credit risks from cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets and accounts receivable and other receivables for which counterparties could not repay in full based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortized cost.
- ii. The Company and its subsidiaries' policy requires that all transactions be conducted with the counterparties meeting the specified credit rating requirements. As the counterparties are all well-known domestic financial institutions with good credit standing, probabilities of the defaults by the counterparties are remote. As for the transaction objects, the default on the underlying assets of the financial assets held by the Company and its subsidiaries might result in losses to the Company and its subsidiaries.
- iii. The Company and its subsidiaries adopt the assumption under IFRS 9, that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. If the credit rating grade of an investment target drops two scales, there has been a significant increase in the credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt

instruments has occurred:

- (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
- (ii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments; and
- (iii) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The credit quality information of financial assets is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company and its subsidiaries transact with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, and thus, it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote. The Company and its subsidiaries recognize the impairment loss allowance for 12 months expected credit losses. No loss allowance was provided by the Company and its subsidiaries against cash and cash equivalents For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Accounts receivable and other receivables

- (i) The Company and its subsidiaries apply the simplified approach using the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- (ii) The Company and its subsidiaries used the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information over a specified period to assess the probabilities of defaults of accounts receivable and other receivables. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the loss rate methodology is as follows:

The Company and other subsidiaries:

	 Group 1	 Group 2		Total
At December 31, 2021				
Expected loss rate	0%	100%		
Total book value	\$ 906,312	\$ 890	\$	907,202
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$ 890	\$	890
At December 31, 2020				
Expected loss rate	0%	100%		
Total book value	\$ 765,947	\$ 198	\$	766,145
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$ 198	\$	198

TDCC:

			1.	~180	18	31~365	C	ver	
	No	t	(lays		days	365	5 days	
	past c	lue	_pa	st due_	pa	ast due	pas	st due_	Total
At December 31, 2021									
Expected loss rate		0%		0%		0%		0%	
Total book value	\$ 903,	995	\$	252	\$	-	\$	82	\$ 904,329
Loss allowance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	82	\$ 82
At December 31, 2020									
Expected loss rate		0%		0%		0%		0%	
Total book value	\$ 854,	901	\$	279	\$	101	\$	41	\$ 855,322
Loss allowance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _

(iii) Movements in relation to the Company and its subsidiaries applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable and other receivables are as follows:

	2	2021 2	020
At January 1	\$	198 \$	169
Provision for impairment		782	198
Write-offs	(8) (169)
At December 31	\$	972 \$	198

(iv) The aging analysis of accounts receivable and other receivables that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2021		mber 31, 2020
Up to 30 days	\$	1,753,872	\$	1,572,414
31 to 90 days		54,615		44,050
91 to 180 days		2,322		4,853
Over 180 days	<u></u>	722		150
	\$	1,811,531	\$	1,621,467

Other financial assets

The Company and its subsidiaries transact with multiple financial institutions counterparties with high credit ratings to mitigate credit risk, and thus, it expects that the probability of counterparty's default to be remote. The Company and its subsidiaries recognize the impairment loss allowance for 12 months expected credit losses. No loss allowance was provided by the Company and its subsidiaries For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Debt instruments at amortized cost

(i) The Company and its subsidiaries' investments in debt instruments at amortized cost were all issued by banks with high credit rating or companies with investment grade rating, and they were all classified as Group 1. As the probability of default is remote, the Company

and its subsidiaries recognize the impairment loss allowance for 12 months expected credit losses.

Internal credit risk ratings	Company credit ratings by Taiwan Ratings
Group 1	twAAA~twA-
Group 2	$twBBB+\sim twBBB-$
Group 3	$twBB+\sim twC$
Impaired	twD

(ii) Movements in loss allowance for investments in debt instruments carried at amortized cost are as follows:

	2021				
	Lifetime			etime	
			Sig	nificant	
			incı	rease in	Impairment
	12	months	credit risk		of credit
At January 1	\$	4,648	\$	-	\$ -
Provision for impairment		971		_	
At December 31	\$	5,619	\$	_	\$ -
			2	2020	
				Life	etime
			Sig	nificant	
			incı	rease in	Impairment
	12 months		cre	dit risk	of credit
At January 1	\$	4,466	\$	-	\$ -
Gains on reversal of impairment		182			
At December 31	\$	4,648	\$	_	\$ -

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company and its subsidiaries will be unable to repay financial debts with cash or other financial assets. The Company and its subsidiaries apply the expected cash flow approach to manage liquidity risk, and to ensure that the Company and its subsidiaries have sufficient funds to pay for all maturing debts and to meet all known capital requirements. The amounts disclosed here are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. The Company and its subsidiaries' non-derivative financial liabilities will all mature within one year, except for non-current lease liabilities and guarantee deposits received which will mature over one year.

December 31, 2021	 12 months	Over 12 months		
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Guarantee deposits	\$ -	\$	156,127	
Lease liability	311,129		1,668,123	
December 31, 2020	 12 months	Ov	er 12 months	
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Guarantee deposits	\$ -	\$	117,600	
Lease liability	312,273		1,947,916	

(3) Fair value estimation

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair values of the Company and its subsidiaries' investments in beneficiary certificates are included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair values of the Company and its subsidiaries' investments in bank debentures, bonds and government bonds are included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair values of the Company and its subsidiaries' investments in unlisted stocks are included in Level 3.

B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Company and its subsidiaries' financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, net, other receivables, other financial assets, settlement and clearing debit items, payments under cross-border custody, receipt and payment for mutual funds on behalf of others, receipt and payment for bills and bonds on behalf of others, compensation reserve, operations guarantee deposits, refundable deposits, securities lending and borrowing collateral payable, accrued expenses, settlement and clearing credit items, security borrowing performance bond payable, deposits received for borrowing securities collateral and guarantee deposits received) approximate their fair values.

	December 31, 2021						
	Fair value						
	Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Financial assets:							
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note)	<u>\$17,122,619</u>	\$ -	\$17,120,697	\$ -			
	December 31, 2020						
			Fair value				
	Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Financial assets:							
Financial assets at amortized cost	<u>\$15,752,010</u>	\$ -	\$15,880,966	\$ -			

Note: As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the amount includes the government bonds stated in the compensation reserve.

The methods and assumptions of fair value measurement are as follows:

Financial assets at amortized cost: If there is a quoted price in an active market, the fair value is based on the market price; if there is no quoted market price available, the fair value is determined by using valuation techniques or quotes from counterparties.

C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

<u>December 31, 2021</u>	Level 1	Level 2	<u>, </u>	Level 3	Total
Assets					
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss:					
Beneficiary certificates	\$12,332,325	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 12,332,325
Financial assets at fair value					
through other comprehensive					
income:					
Unlisted stocks	-		-	5,789,306	5,789,306
<u>December 31, 2020</u>	Level 1	Level 2	_	Level 3	Total
Assets					
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss:					
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 9,316,927	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,316,927
Financial assets at fair value					
through other comprehensive					
income:					
Unlisted stocks	-		-	5,920,422	5,920,422

- D. The methods and assumptions the Company and its subsidiaries used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - (a) If the Company and its subsidiaries used market quoted prices as the fair values of the instruments (that is, Level 1), the market quoted prices are the net value of funds or closing prices.
 - (b) Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques which refer to the current fair value of instruments with substantially similar terms and characteristics, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculations based on models using market information available on the consolidated balance sheet date.
 - (c) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, the Company and its subsidiaries adopt a valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
 - (d) The output of a valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Company and its subsidiaries' financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived from using a valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk, etc. In accordance with the Company and its subsidiaries' management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustments to valuation are necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments on the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- G. The Finance Department and commissioned appraisers are in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify the independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure that the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the source of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating the valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to the valuation model used in Level 3 fair

value measurement:

	Fair value at				
	December 31,	Valuation	Significa	ınt	Relationship of
	2021	technique	unobservable	e input	inputs to fair value
Unlisted stocks:					
Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation	\$ 3,469,485	Dividend discount method	Dividend growth rate (Note 1)	1.75%	The higher the dividend growth rate, the higher the fair value
			Discount rate (Note 2)	7.99%	The lower the discount rate, the higher the fair value
			Average cash	2.59	The higher the average cash dividends over the
			dividends		last 5 years, the higher
			over the		the fair value
			last 5 years		
			(in New		
			Taiwan dollars)		
Taipei Financial Center Corporation	2,309,306	Discounted cash flow method	Discount rate (Note 2)	3.8%	The lower the discount rate, the higher the fair value
Taiwan Mobile	10,515	Net asset	N/A	-	N/A
Payment Co.,		value			
Ltd.					

Unlisted at a draw	Fair value at December 31, 2020	Valuation technique	· ·		Relationship of inputs to fair value
Unlisted stocks: Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation	\$ 3,457,882	Dividend discount method	Dividend growth rate (Note 1) Discount rate (Note 2)	1.75% 7.74%	The higher the dividend growth rate, the higher the fair value The lower the discount rate, the higher the fair value
			Average cash dividends over the last 5 years (in New Taiwan dollars)	2.86	The higher the average cash dividends over the last 5 years, the higher the fair value
Taipei Financial Center Corporation	2,451,856	Discounted cash flow method	Discount rate (Note 2)	3.61%	The lower the discount rate, the higher the fair value
Taiwan Mobile Payment Co., Ltd.	10,684	Net asset value	N/A	-	N/A

- Note 1: Dividend growth rate was estimated based on Taiwan's long-run economic growth rate.
- Note 2: Discount rate was estimated taking into consideration the capital cost structure and operational risk of Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation and Taipei Financial Center Corporation, respectively.
- I. The Company and its subsidiaries have carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value; therefore, the fair value measurement is reasonable. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurements. The following is the effect on profit or loss or on other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to the valuation models have changed:

			December 31, 2021				
			Recog	gnized in	Recognized in other		
			profit	or loss	compreher	nsive income	
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable	
	Input	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
Financial assets							
Taiwan Futures	Dividend	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 357,139	\$ 258,121	
Exchange	growth rate						
Corporation	Discount rate	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 335,990	\$ 243,220	
-	Average cash						
	dividends over						
	the last 5 years	± \$0.5					
	(in New Taiwan		ф	Φ.	Ф 220 025	Ф 220.025	
m · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	dollars)		\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 339,835	\$ 339,835	
Taipei Financial							
Center	D.	10/	ф	ф	Φ 500 061	Φ 441.004	
Corporation	Discount rate	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 580,261	\$ 441,904	
				December		11 .1	
			_	gnized in or loss	_	zed in other nsive income	
				Unfavourable			
	Input	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
Financial assets		change	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Taiwan Futures	Dividend	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 373,996	\$ 266,899	
Exchange	growth rate						
Corporation	Discount rate	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 352,913	\$ 251,720	
	Average cash						
	dividends over						
	the last 5 years	± \$0.5					
	(in New Taiwan		\$ _	\$ -	\$ 308 219	\$ 308 219	
Tainei Financial	uonars)		Ψ	Ψ	ψ 500,217	Ψ 500,217	
-							
Corporation	Discount rate	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 644,828	\$ 485,508	
Taipei Financial Center Corporation	dollars)	±1%	<u>\$</u> -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 308,219 \$ 644,828	\$ 308,219 \$ 485,508	

J. Changes to level 3 financial instruments For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		2021		2020
	Equi	ity instrument	Equ	nity instrument
At January 1,	\$	5,920,422	\$	5,756,881
(Losses) gains recognized in other				
comprehensive income	(131,116)		163,541
At December 31,	\$	5,789,306	\$	5,920,422

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries and associates): Please refer to table 1.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company and its subsidiaries' paid-in capital: Please refer to table 2.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-company and its subsidiaries' transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 7 on the parent company only financial statement.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investees: Please refer to table 3.

14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATI</u>ON

(1) General information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

		Year ended December 31, 2021							
	Stock exchange Stock custodian					Total			
Revenue from external customers	\$	14,234,388	\$	8,297,157	\$	22,531,545			
Inter-segment revenue		5,527		2,025,351		2,030,878			
Total segment revenue	\$	14,239,915	\$	10,322,508	\$	24,562,423			
Segment income before tax	\$	12,155,888	\$	7,663,700	\$	19,819,588			

Year ended	December	31.	2020
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	Stock exchange		Sto	ck custodian	 Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	8,460,089	\$	6,096,142	\$ 14,556,231
Inter-segment revenue		4,021		1,044,751	 1,048,772
Total segment revenue	\$	8,464,110	\$	7,140,893	\$ 15,605,003
Segment income before tax	\$	6,629,975	\$	4,748,375	\$ 11,378,350

(3) Reconciliation for reportable segment revenue and income (loss)

Revenue between segments is carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. A reconciliation of reportable segment revenue and operating revenue and reportable segment profit or loss to the profit before tax and continued operations For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is provided as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
Revenue	2021			2020		
Reportable segments revenue	\$	24,562,423	\$	15,605,003		
Other segments revenue		581,005		489,571		
Elimination of revenue among segments	(2,030,878)	(1,048,772)		
Operating revenue	\$	23,112,550	\$	15,045,802		
		Years ended	Decen	nber 31,		
Profit (loss)		2021		2020		
Reportable segments profit and loss	\$	19,819,588	\$	11,378,350		
Other segments profit and loss		145,269		115,736		
Elimination of profit and loss among segments	(3,166,340)	(1,982,668)		
Profit before tax	\$	16,798,517	\$	9,511,418		

(4) <u>Information on product</u>

The Company and its subsidiaries' product information is consistent with operating revenue information in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Details are provided in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

(5) Geographical information

The major location where services are rendered by the Company and its subsidiaries is Taiwan.

(6) Major customer information

Major customer information for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	 Years ended December 31,				
	 2021	2020			
	 Revenue		Revenue		
Client A	\$ 2,402,987	\$	1,345,915		

TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

HOLDING OF MARKETABLE SECURITIES AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (NOT INCLUDING SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES) DECEMBER 31,2021

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		D 1 .: 1: '.		As	of December 31, 2021		
		Relationship wit the securities	n	Number of shares			
Securities held by	Marketable securities	issuer	General ledger account	(in thousands)	Book value	Fair value	Footnote
	Beneficiary Certificates					·	
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	Fubon Chi-Hsiang Money Market Fund	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	151,866 \$	2,403,859 \$	2,403,859	None
"	Sinopac TWD Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	57,046	801,331	801,331	"
"	Cathay Taiwan Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	39,877	500,802	500,802	"
"	Fubon Optimal Selection Bond Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	50,000	477,625	477,625	"
"	Cathay Premier Strategy Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	50,000	462,205	462,205	"
"	Fubon Interest Income Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	46,883	430,386	430,386	"
"	Yuanta Taiwan Top 50 Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	2,924	425,442	425,442	"
"	Fubon Taiwan Strategic No.1 Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	19,385	354,752	354,752	"
"	SinoPac Strategies No.1 Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	14,094	206,056	206,056	"
"	Fubon Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	14,876	152,331	152,331	"
"	Fubon TWSE Corporate Governance 100 ETF	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,894	67,919	67,919	"
m ·	Cathay MSCI Taiwan ESG Sustainability High Dividend Yield ETF	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,257	62,437	62,437	"
"	Fubon FTSE TWSE Taiwan 50 ETF	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	638	52,220	52,220	"
m ·	Fubon Taiwan Strategic No.2 Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,891	50,208	50,208	"
"	Cathay Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,847	36,447	36,447	"
n .	Cathay Korea/Taiwan IT Premier ETF	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	356	11,915	11,915	"
Taiwan Depository & Clearing	Mega Diamond Bond Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	39,441	500,024	500,024	"
Corporation							
"	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	32,321	500,029	500,029	"
"	FSITC Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	2,775	500,025	500,025	"
"	Yuanta De-Li Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	15,180	250,013	250,013	"
"	Hua Nan Phoenix Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	30,454	500,024	500,024	"
"	Hua Nan Kirin Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	41,365	500,025	500,025	"
"	PGIM Prudential Financial Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	15,634	250,013	250,013	"
"	Cathay Taiwan Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	19,908	250,012	250,012	"
"	Sinopac TWD Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	17,798	250,012	250,012	"
"	CTBC Hwa-win Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	14,381	160,006	160,006	"
"	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund.	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	18,278	250,015	250,015	"
"	Jih Sun Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	16,682	250,012	250,012	"
"	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	17,422	250,012	250,012	"
"	Nomura Taiwan Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	15,174	250,012	250,012	"

Relationship with As of December 31, 2021

		Relationship with	n				
		the securities		Number of shares		.	_
Securities held by	Marketable securities	issuer	General ledger account	(in thousands)	Book value	Fair value	Footnote
Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation	Beneficiary Certificates Eastspring Investments Well Pool Money Market Fund	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	18,196	\$ 250,013	\$ 250,013	None
"	Allianz Global Investors Taiwan Money Market Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	19,752	250,012	250,012	"
"	Yuanta Taiwan Top 50 Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	422	61,401	61,401	"
"	Yuanta/P-shares Taiwan Dividend Plus ETF	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	438	14,708	14,708	"
"	Cathay Sustainability High Dividend ETF	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	814	15,604	15,604	"
"	Fubon Taiwan Strategic No.5 Fund Cathay strategic Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	50,000 5,000	499,500 49,900	499,500 49,900	
Taiwan-Ca Inc.	Capital Money Market Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	614	10,004	10,004	"
"	UPAMC James Bond Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	593	10,003	10,003	
"	Fubon Taiwan Strategic No.2 Fund	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	189	5,021	5,021	"
"	Fubon Taiwan Strategic No.5 Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,000	9,990	9,990	"
	Tubbii Taiwaii Strategie 10.5 Tulid		• •	1,000		\$ 12,332,325	
			Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		\$ 12,332,323	φ 12,332,323	
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	Stock Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non- current	20,993	\$ 1,515,291	\$ 1,515,291	None
	Taipei Financial Center Corporation	"	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non- current	83,853	2,309,306	2,309,306	"
Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation	Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation	"	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	27,074	1,954,194	1,954,194	"
"	Taiwan Mobile Payment Co., Ltd.	"	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,200	7,010	7,010	"
Taiwan-Ca Inc.	Taiwan Mobile Payment Co., Ltd.	"	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-	600	3,505	3,505	"
			current Total financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- non-current		\$ 5,789,306	\$ 5,789,306	
	Financial bonds		non current				
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	Shin Kong Bank bond (G11649)	None	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	\$ 605,208	\$ 606,414	None
"	Hua Nan Bank bond(G189AE)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	605,107	605,428	"
"	Taiwan Cooperative Bank bond(G12421)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	603,291	603,502	"
"	Cathay United Bank bond (G179BZ)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	503,629	503,545	"
"	Taipei Fubon Bank bond (G107B8)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	301,154	301,467	"
"	Agricultural Bank of Taiwan bond (G13104)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	300,348	302,535	"
11	Land Bank of Taiwan bond (G12719)	,,	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	200,634	202,083	"
"	SinoPac Bank bond(G11092)		Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	200,066	201,597	"
"	Chinatrust Commercial Bank bond (G11469)		Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	199,916	201,272	"
n .	The Export-Import Bank of Roc bond(G13418)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	99,998	100,024	"
Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation	101 E.Sun Bank 2	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	200,187	203,933	"
n .	101 Taiwan Cooperative Bank 2B	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	200,456	201,071	"
n .	101 Cathay United Bank 2	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	401,716	403,123	"
m ·	101 Land Bank of Taiwan 4B	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	401,048	402,468	"
n .	101 Shanghai Commercial Bank 3B	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	200,783	200,691	"
n .	01 First Bank 1B	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	200,260	200,976	"
"	Bank Sinopac 1nd Unsecured Subordinate Financial Debentures-B Issue in 2012	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	200,205	200,943	"

Relationship with

As of December 31, 2021

		Keiationsnip wit	in	Noushau of shares			
Securities held by	Marketable securities	the securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value	Fair value	Footnote
Securites field by	Marketable securities	133401	Ochera reager account	(iii tilousulus)	Dook value	Tun vuide	Toothote
	Financial bonds						
Taiwan Depository & Clearing	104 Shanghai Commercial Bank 1	"	Figure 2.1	- 9	\$ 100,304	\$ 100,529	None
"	108 The Export-Import Bank of Roc 2	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current Financial assets at amortized cost - current	_	99,978	100,096	"
"	101 Taiwan Cooperative Bank 1	"		_	200,860	201,265	"
п	101 Hua Nan Bank 1B	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	302,454	302,973	"
	101 Hua Ivan Bank IB		i manetar assets at amortized cost - current	-	6,127,602	6,145,935	
	Corporate bonds			-	0,127,002		
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	Taiwan Power Company 1th Unsecured Corporate Bond-C Issue in	None	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	- 9	\$ 100,344	\$ 100,341	None
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	2012 (B903UU)	None	i manetar assets at amortized cost - current		100,344	Φ 100,541	None
n	Taiwan Power Company 5th Unsecured Corporate Bond-B Issue in 2012 (B903V3)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	100,190	100,866	"
"	CPC Corporation 101-2 Secured C (B71872)		Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	50,183	50,351	"
Taiwan Depository & Clearing	Taipower 106 1A Corporate Bond	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	199,948	200,393	"
Corporation				-	450,665	451,951	
			Total financial assets at amortized cost - current	-	\$ 6,578,267	\$ 6,597,886	
	Financial bonds		Total Illiancial assets at amortized cost - current	=	0,370,207	ψ 0,377,880	
Trimon Starl Frakens Communication		Nama	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	- 5	501 120	¢ 502.245	Nisas
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	HSBC Bank bond (G13313)	None		- 3			None
	Taipei Fubon Bank bond (G107C4)		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	399,834	398,854	,,
	SinoPac Bank bond (G110AP)		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	357,317	354,934	
	Taipei Fubon Bank bond (G107BT)		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	305,489	305,570	
	SinoPac Bank bond (G110AG)		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	302,592	301,317	
"	Cathay United Bank bond (G179C1)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	301,617	304,573	"
"	E.SUN Commercial Bank bond (G102B2)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	300,866	300,215	"
"	Yuanta Bank bond (G10820)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	207,922	207,278	"
"	SinoPac Bank bond (G110AK)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	205,088	204,849	"
"	KGI Bank bond (G12808)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,944	213,897	"
"	Taipei Fubon Bank bond (G107BP)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	102,717	102,159	"
"	Taishin International Bank bond (G19983)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	102,568	105,460	"
"	Shin Kong Bank bond (G11652)	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	100,672	101,126	"
Taiwan Depository & Clearing	102 Cathay United Bank 1B		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	200,711	201,919	"
Corporation "	105 Taiwan Cooperative Bank 1A	,,	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current		300,605	302,175	"
"	105 Chang Hwa Commercial Bank 1A	,,	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	498,965	505,540	"
"	105 Chang Hwa Conniectal Bank 1A		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-		402,778	,,
"		,,		-	401,262		,,
"	106 Chang Hwa Commonded Book 1	,,	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,927	199,996	,,
	106 Chang Hwa Commercial Bank 1A		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,916	199,996	,,
	106 Cathay United Bank 2A		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,916	199,995	,,
	106 Shanghai Commercial Bank 1		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,941	200,668	
	106 Taiwan Cooperative Bank 1A		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,916	199,997	"
"	106 Taipei Fubon Bank 3		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,916	199,997	"
"	106 Shanghai Commercial Bank 2	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,941	199,994	"

		D-1-4:	L	As of December 31, 2021				
		Relationship wit the securities	n	Number of shares				
Securities held by	Marketable securities	issuer	General ledger account	(in thousands)	Book value	Fair value	Footnote	
·	Financial bonds			<u></u>				
aiwan Depository & Clearing	104 Taiwan Business Bank 3	None	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	- 5	\$ 205,536 \$	205,617	None	
. "	107 E.Sun Bank 1A	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	452,035	452,956	"	
"	106 Taiwan Business Bank 4	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	204,568	207,012	"	
II .	107 Shanghai Commercial Bank 1	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	299,911	299,999	"	
n .	103 Chang Hwa Commercial Bank 1B	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	203,559	203,575	"	
"	107 Taipei Fubon Bank 2A	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,916	203,493	"	
II .	103 Taipei Fubon Bank 2	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	204,984	205,127	"	
II .	06 Cathay United Bank 2B	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	155,412	155,482	"	
"	08 Taiwan Business Bank 1A	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	199,926	204,355	"	
11	05 Hua Nan Bank 1	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	102,819	102,850	"	
"	107 Taiwan Business Bank 2	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	156,367	156,401	"	
				-	8,573,804	8,612,499		
	Corporate bonds			-				
niwan Depository & Clearing orporation	Taipower 107 4A Corporate Bond	None	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	- <u>\$</u>	\$ 100,224 \$	100,778	None	
				<u>-</u>	100,224	100,778		
	Government bonds							
iwan Stock Exchange Corporation	Taiwan Government Bond A097105	None	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	- 9	\$ 52,229 \$	56,347	Note 1	
11	Taiwan Government Bond A08108	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	207,038	197,432	"	
n .	Taiwan Government Bond A01108	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	121,943	113,762	"	
n .	Taiwan Government Bond A04112	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	206,988	204,379	Note 1 \	
"	Taiwan Government Bond A99102	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	132,668	123,830	"	
11	Taiwan Government Bond A09113	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	49,230	45,715	"	
"	Taiwan Government Bond A01104	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	121,893	116,011	"	
n .	Taiwan Government Bond A03112	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	139,016	126,840	"	
"	Taiwan Government Bond A08110	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	111,714	98,896	"	
"	Taiwan Government Bond A00107	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	338,708	332,692	"	
"	Taiwan Government Bond A93106	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	139,757	137,479	"	
iwan Depository & Clearing	92 Jia 3 Bond	"	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	•		None	
rporation				-	249,140	256,151	none	
					1,870,324	1,809,534		
			Less: Compensation reserve (Note 2)	(_	950,000) (950,000)		

Note 1: Information relating to the Company's government bonds pledged as collateral is provided in Note 8.

Note 2: The balance of the government bonds was \$1,239,974 (\$289,974 from the financial assets at amortized cost - non-current and \$950,000 from the compensation reserve).

Total financial assets at amortized cost - non-current

920,324

9,594,352 \$

859,534

9,572,811

ACQUISITION OR SALE OF THE SAME SECURITY WITH THE ACCUMULATED COST EXCEEDING \$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE COMPANY'S PAID-IN CAPITAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Table 2

Balance as of Balance as of January 1, 2021 December 31, 2021 Number of Number of Number of Relationship Number of with the Gain (loss) on shares shares Marketable securities Book value General ledger account Counterparty (in thousands) (in thousands) Selling price Amount (in thousands) Taiwan Stock Sinopac TWD Money Market Fund 400,000 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -400.051 28,519 \$ 801,331 Note 1 28,527 57,046 \$ Exchange Corporation SinoPac Strategies No.1 Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -551,242 14,094 38,820) 568,323 568,323) 200,000 36,447 Cathay Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -404,250 1,847 1,847 25,000 30,000 25,000) 405,996 405,996) Cathay Taiwan Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -500,000 500,802 39,877 39,877 current Fubon Chi-Hsiang Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -101,261 1.600.290 50,605 2.403.859 800,000 151,866 Fubon Taiwan Strategic No.2 fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -240,496 3,835 100,000 12,351) 326,567 326,567) 50,208 1,891 current Yuanta Taiwan Top 50 fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -733 89,609 2,924 415,459 733) 110,421 110,421) 2,924 425,442 Shin Kong Bank bond (G11649) Financial assets at amortized cost - current 201,020 409,325 Note 2 Cathay United Bank bond (G179BZ) Financial assets at amortized cost - current 509,532 503,629 Hua Nan Bank bond(G189AE) 305,154 305.796 Financial assets at amortized cost - current 605.107 E.SUN Commercial Bank bond (G102B2) Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current 300,866 Taipei Fubon Bank bond (G107BT) Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current SinoPac Bank bond (G110AG) Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current 303,392 302,592 SinoPac Bank bond (G110AP) 357,317 Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current 357,906 Taipei Fubon Bank bond (G107C4) 399,834 Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current 400,000 Taiwan Depository & Mega Diamond Bond Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -500,040 6,001,110 6,001,110) 500,024 Note 1 39,528 473,712 6,000,000 473,799) 39,441 Clearing Corporation FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -32,401 500.042 388,233 388,313) 6.001.236) 32,321 6,000,000 6,001,236 500.029 Franklin Templeton Sinoam Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -23,975 250,022 47,929 500,000 71,904) 750,170 750,170) Jih Sun Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -16,724 250,023 200,425) 250,012 200,383 3,000,000 3,000,631 3,000,631) 16,682 Capital Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -250,018 15,367 500,077) 15,371 250,000 500,077 current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -Yuanta De-Li Money Market Fund 250,017 3,000,000 182,335) 3,000,474) 250.013 15,209 182,306 3,000,474 (15,180 Cathay Taiwan Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -19,947 250,016 239,084 3,000,000 239,123) 3,000,494 3,000,494) current Tcb-Bank Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -48,842 500,029 341,678 3,500,000 390,520) 4,000,610 4,000,610) CTBC Hwa-win Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -22,508 250,001 261,740 2,910,000 269,867) 3,000,424 3,000,424) current Fubon Chi-Hsiang Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -15,819 250,000 31,632 47,451) 750,084 500,000 750,084) Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -250,018 219,556 3,000,000 250,015 18,322 219,600) 3,000,602 3,000,602) 18,278 current Hua Nan Phoenix Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -30,517 500,034 365,758 6,000,000 365,821) 6,001,040 6,001,040) 30,454 500.024 Shin Kong Chi-Shin Money-Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -250,019 144,044 2,250,000 16,020 160,064) 2,500,399 2,500,399) current FSITC Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -27,153 4,890,000 24,378) 2,775 500,025 4,390,614 4,390,614) Yuanta De- Bao Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -1,150,000 94,897 94,897) 1,150,142 (1,150,142) 250,012 Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -2,750,000 174,372) 2,500,390) 17,422 191,794 2,500,390 Hua Nan Kirin Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -5,500,000 5,000,725) 500,025 455,343 413,978) 5,000,725 41,365 current 17.798 Sinopac TWD Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -89,017 1,250,000 71,219) 1,000,138 1,000,138) 250,012 Allianz Global Investors Taiwan Money Market Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -68,752 869,988 49,000) 620,102 620,102) 19,752 250,012 current PGIM Prudential Financial Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -78,195 1,250,000 62,561) 1,000,161 1,000,161) 15,634 250,013 Nomura Taiwan Money Market Fund Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -75,896 1.250,000 250.012 60,722) 1.000,149 1.000,149) 15.174

Note 1: The ending balance would not exactly reconcile to the beginning balance add/deduct the amount of acquisitions/disposals, as the fair value adjustments were included in the selling price and the carrying amount of securities.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -

Eastspring Investments Well Pool Money Market

Fubon Taiwan Strategic No.5 Fund

Note 2: The balance at the end of the year does not equal to the sum of the balance at the beginning of the year and acquisition during the year, less the disposal during the year, due to the amortization and the allowance for impairment.

91,007

50,000

1,250,000

500,000

72,811)

1,000,144

1,000,144)

250,013

499,500

50,000

Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

(Except as otherwise indicated)

TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NAMES, LOCATIONS AND OTHER INFORMATIONS OF INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

(Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial investment amount		Shares held as of December 31, 2021		Investment			
										income	
								Net profit (loss) of recognized by the			
									the investee for	Company for the	
				Balance as of	Balance as of	Number of			the year ended	year ended	
				December 31,	December 31,	shares (in	Ownership		December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	2021	2020	thousands)	(%)	Book value	2021	2021	Footnote
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	e Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation	11F, No. 363, Fusing N. Rd., Taipei City	Custodian of securities and other services	\$ 583,107	\$ 583,107	220,473	50.59% \$	17,036,340	\$ 6,114,978	\$ 3,093,588	The Company's subsidiaries
n	Taiwan-Ca Inc.	10F, No. 85, Yanping S. Rd., Taipei City	Online verification services	87,720	87,720	7,557	30.23%	116,422	73,528	22,152	п
"	Taiwan Index Plus Corporation	11F1, No.36, Songren Rd., Taipei City	Index compilation, maintenance and dissemination	150,000	150,000	15,000	100%	193,173	37,228	37,228	"
п	Taiwan Ratings Corporation	49F, No. 7, Sec. 5, Sinyi Rd., Taipei City	Credit rating services	15,045	15,045	1,399	19.99%	32,157	55,148	11,024	The investee company accounted for using the equity
Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation	Fundrich Securitites Co., Ltd.	8F, No. 365, Fusing N. Rd., Songshan Dis., Taipei City	Sales of funds	439,834	439,834	33,985	56.64%	457,925	136,483	-	method
n	Taiwan-Ca Inc.	10F, No. 85, Yanping S. Rd., Taipei City	Online verification services	9,700	9,700	4,521	18.08%	67,757	73,528	-	
"	Taiwan Ratings Corporation	49F, No. 7, Sec. 5, Sinyi Rd., Taipei City	Credit rating services	13,300	13,300	1,330	19.00%	30,565	55,148	-	
Taiwan- Ca Inc.	Taiwan Ratings Corporation	49F, No. 7, Sec. 5, Sinyi Rd., Taipei City	Credit rating services	4	4	1	0.01%	4	55,148	-	